### PART 1 – GENERAL OVERVIEW

# For the purposes of these Gravity Sanitary Sewer Specifications

- "Specifications"), the following definitions shall apply: 'HSE" shall mean Hamilton Southeastern Utilities, Inc., the public utility that provides sanitary sewer service in the Project (as hereafter defined) area. HSE's address is 11901 Lakeside Drive
- Fishers, Indiana 46038, and HSE's phone number is (317)577-2300 "Engineer" shall mean the engineer for HSE, which is Sanitary Management & Engineering Company, Inc. ("SAMCO") or SAMCO's engineers. SAMCO's inspector shall be Engineer's representative during construction of the Project. SAMCO's address is 11905
- Subscriber" shall mean those signatories identified as Subscribers under a Special Contract for extension of Sewer Mains and Facilitie: with HSE through which the Project is being undertaken. Subscribe is generally the Owner under a construction contract. This definition nded to include all employees and/or agents acting in the
- "Contractor" shall mean any construction contractor approved by HSE to construct, install, maintain, repair, and remove public o Private sanitary sewer facilities within the HSE service area. This definition is intended to include all employees, sub-contractor nd/or agents acting for or on behalf of Contractor's company
- and/or agents acting for or on unread or United acts Scimpeny. "Design Engineer" shall mean the engineer sealing the Construction Plans, as opposed to Engineer for HSE who is also defined under these Specifications. This definition is intended to include all employees, sub-contractors and/or agents acting for or on behalf of
- Design Engineer's company.
  "Project" shall mean any sanitary sewer facilities constructed under a distinct set of contract documents and shall include all work necessary for the Complete (as hereafter defined) and operable installation of all sanitary sewer infrastructure and appurtenances in conformity with the HSE approved Construction Plans and the standards, specifications, and details of HSE.

  'Sanitary Sewer Facilities" shall mean any pipes, manholes, flow
- Jewer raumus stall truent any pipes, mannoles, flow nonitoring/metering manholes, clean-outs, grease traps, grit traps, il/water separators, neutralization tanks, wyes, laterals, and any ther appurtenances which convey or process sanitary sewage. Conveyed", with regards to sanitary sewer facilities, means Projects
- or which HSE has received title. 'Private", with regards to Projects, shall mean Projects from which sewage flows into HSE's sanitary sewer facilities, but for which title for the sanitary sewer facilities is not to be Conveyed to HSE. "Completed", with regards to Projects, shall mean any Projects which ucted, tested, and through which customer ervice has been authorized by HSE, but for which HSE has not eived title. All applicable fees must be paid to HSE prior to a Project
- uction Plans" shall mean nrimary plats, secondary plats, sets Construction Hans: snall mean primary plats, seconoary plats, seconoary plats, seconoary plats, seconoary plats, set of construction drawings, architectural plans, shop drawings, landscaping plans, record drawings, easements, deeds, covenants restrictions, and any other documentation to be submitted under these Specifications and HSE's "Design Specifications for Sanitary Sewer facilities". Construction Plans must meet the applicable standards in effect at the time documents are submitted.

**Purpose**The purpose of these Specifications is to define the standards for ering design, construction specifications and construction es related to the Project which will allow for the orderly and tion of sanitary sewer facilities constructed with

Applicability
These Specifications are applicable for all Public and Private sanitary
source facilities which will be connected to HSE's sanitary sewer facilities which will be connected to HSE's sanitary sewer n. This includes Private Projects which will not initially be tted to HSE's sanitary sewer system but at some future date may be connected to the system

Liability and Costs for Project
No direction, field directive or other instruction contemplated by
these Specifications and/or conducted by others shall accrue any
liability, charge, or cost to HSE, Engineer or Engineer's inspectors.

### Standards Specifications and Details Details sheet Lift Station and Force Main

- etails sheet. Lift Station and Force Main Speci ards for Design and Construction of Laterals, Rules and ations, Master Plan, Design Specifications for Sanitary Sew , and Sanitary Sewer Completion Specifications are integral these Specifications. Contractor should become familiar with cuments prior to construction of any sanitary sewer facilities within HSE's service area.
- within HSE's service area. These Specifications, HE's Graitly Sanitary Sewer Details sheet and HSE's Design Specifications for Sanitary Sewer Facilities are complementary in nature and should not be interpreted individually. These Specifications and HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheets, Master Plan, and other standards, specifications and details are
- ubject to revision at any time prior to the start of construction on the Project. These documents are also subject to revision at any time during construction when, in Engineer's opinion, those revision materially affect the maintenance, operation or life of the Project. All such revised documents must replace the corresponding ents in the Construction Plans at the time when provided to
- HSE reserves the right to modify or waive any of these Specifications and/or its Master Plan and other standards, specifications, and
- and/or its Master Plan and other standards, specifications, and details in its best interest. These Specifications are intended to define the construction requirements of sanitary sewer facilities which are constructed and operated under typical conditions in HSE's service area. Depending on field conditions and the composition and characteristics of the sanitary sewer flow, different or unusual conditions may occur which cannot be anticipated in a document of this nature. Engineer may

Drawing Discrepancies and Omissions
Prior to the start of construction, Contractor must notify Engineer
of any conflicts between the Construction Plans, any supplemental
information supplied by HSE, and/or these Specifications. information supplied by HSL, and/or mese Specifications. Resolution of any such conflict will be at Engineer's sole discretion. Any Items which are not covered in these Specifications, the Construction Plans or HSE's other standards, specifications, and details, but are required for construction of this Project, must be approved by Engineer prior to installation and must be made part

- of this contract. In the event construction practices are not described, but in Engineer's opinion, will affect the quality of construction or le term maintainability of the sanitary sewer facilities, Engineer approve any construction practices proposed by Contractor.
- Governing Laws, Codes, and Regulations rening aws, Couce, and negulations struction practices must meet all applicable laws, codes, or lations and be in accordancewith the requirements of all remental agencies and public entities having jurisdiction. se Specifications shall not be considered as a substitute, nor I supersede any state or federal law, code, or regulation relat
- o the Project. In the event of a conflict between any state or federal aw, code, or regulation governing the Project and these Specifications, the more stringent requirement will apply. All persons on site must abide by all Indiana Occupational Safety an Health Administration (IOSHA) standards including but not limited to "General Construction Practices" and "Trench Safety Standards".

ces required by these Specifications must be given to both

# PART 2 – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- These Specifications cover all work necessary for the installation of ianitary Sewer Facilities, access drives and other appl onvey sewage to the receiving sewer in an acceptable and operable
- actor must provide all necessary work to install sanitary wer facilities in a Complete manner in accordance with the Construction Plans.
  All pipe, fittings, and appurtenances must be the size, type,
- An pipe, intings, and agrade shown on the Construction Plans and must meet all requirements of these Specifications. Contractor must not substitute materials which differ from the approved Construction Plans unless approved by Engineer. All pipe and fittings sizes, and all references to pipe diameter on the Construction Plans or in these Specifications are intended to be nominal size or diameter and must be interpreted as such. If a material type is shown on the Construction Plans, the material
- e must describe a general category of materials meeting these

- ontractor must submit only one model number or type per item or approval. Multiple submittals of model number or type for a ngle item will be cause for rejection of the shop drawing. Fore delivery of products to the site (for standard yard stocke ns) or before fabrication (for items which are not standard yard cked items), Contractor must provide submittals to, and obtain entance from Engineer, Submittals must be thoroughly ertified copies of test reports on factory tests.
- Certified copies of test reports on factory tests.

  Where required by the applicable manufacturing standards provide a copy of the manufacturer's inspection or test report and a certified statement by the manufacturer that the material has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the applicable manufacturing standards.

  2. All factory inspections, tests and record keeping identified as mandatory or required under the applicable standards for each product are required under these Specifications. Factory
  - ections and tests which are identified as ontional under the pplicable manufacturing standards, are not required unless otherwise specifically indicated in the Construction Plans or these
- prized agent of the manufacturer or distributor must sign each certification and report.
  Catalog cuts with product data, including details of manufacture,
  or all manufactured items
- endations on all materials and methods of
- Operation and maintenance instructions for all mechanical and electrical equipment.

# Initiation of Construction

- Plan approval will be an authorization to proceed with construction of the Project, however, it shall not be construed as authority to riolate, cancel, or set aside any of HSE's requirements or the laws codes, regulations, and permit processes of governmental agencies or public entities. Approval will be evidenced by an "Approved nilton Southeastern Utilities, Inc." stamp on the Construction
- Plan approvals will be valid for a period of six (6) months from the date of the approval stamp. Extensions of this time limit may be requested from Engineer if extenuating circumstances exist Engineer's decision regarding time extensions will be final.

  Prior to the start of construction, Design Engineer must receive formal written approval from Engineer. At this time, Design Engineer must supply Engineer with PDF and AutoCAD file of
- complete set of Construction Plans. Contractor will not be permitted to initiate const Construction Plans are formally approved, and Subscriber has entered into all necessary agreements and authorizations with.
- Contractor will not be permitted to initiate construction until all applicable permits have been approved by and obtained from all affected governmental agencies and public entities. Copies of the rmits must be submitted to Engineer for review.

  ntractor will not be permitted to initiate construction until all
- off-site easements have been reviewed, approved, and recorded Pipe layers and foreman (superintendent) assigned to the Project
- nust be approved by HSE prior to the start of construction Notice must be provided to Engineer twenty-one (21) days prior to the initiation of construction.
- A pre-construction meeting is required between Engineer and Contractor prior to the initiation of construction. The preonstruction meeting must be completed no more than fourteen (14) days prior to the start of construction. All rough grading (on and off site) must be finished to within one (1) foot of final grade and verified by Engineer prior to the start of

construction of Sanitary Sewer Facilities.

- Once construction has commenced, the Project must be Completed promptly as directed by Engineer
- Contractor cannot discontinue work on the Project, except for weather delays, without written approval from Engineer and in this case no sanitary sewer structures including manholes, clean-outs, flow monitoring/metering manholes, grease trans, grit trans l/water separators, neutralization tanks, etc. (M

### 2.05 Stop Work Order

- Engineer has the authority to direct the issuance of an order requiring suspension of the pertinent construction activity (Stop Work Order) whenever it is determined that construction activity: Is proceeding in an unsafe manner
- Is proceeding in violation of a requirement or specification of HSE
   Is proceeding in a manner which is materially different from the
- 4. For which a permit is required, and work is proceeding without uch permit being in force. In such an instance, Stop Work Orde hall indicate the effect of the order is terminated when required permit is issued.

application, plans, or supporting documents; or

- 5. Stop Work Order shall be in writing by HSE and shall state to what construction it is applicable and the reason for its issuance.

  6. One (1) copy of Stop Work Order shall be conspicuously posted or
- the property, and one (1) copy shall be delivered via mail to the Owner of the property or their agent. 7. Stop Work Order shall state the conditions under which
- construction may be resumed.

  8. If a Stop Work Order is issued, Contractor shall restore site to a
- safe condition prior to stopping work pursuant to the order 9 The sanctions provided in this section shall in no way limit the

### 2.06 Confined Space Entry

Il persons, including but not limited to Subscribers, Contractors sub-contractors, Design Engineers, and surveyors must abide by HSE's "General Procedures for Manhole Opening and Entry" or the ost recent IOSHA confined space entry standards, whichever

The Project site must at all-time be kept free of trash, rubbish, nsightly materials, and other nuisances associated with sanitary

### 2.08 Product Delivery, Handling, and Storage Contractor is responsible for the delivery, handling, and storage or

- Deliver products with manufacturer's tags and labels intact Handle products in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and with extreme care to not damage or shock Load and unload all products by hoists or skidding. Do not drop products. Do not skid or roll products on or against other products. Slings, hooks, and pipe tongs must be padded.
- Keep stored products safe from damage or deterioration in of products free from dirt or foreign matter. Drain and store products in a manner that will protect them from freezing. Store lectronic and electrical products in a manner that will prote nem from freezing and weather. Do not stack products unless allowed by the manufacturer's requirements. Store gaskets and other products affected by sunlight in a cool location out of direct sunlight. Gaskets must not come in contact with petroleum ts. Use gaskets on a first-in/first-out basis
- Promptly remove damaged or defective products from the Project site. Replace damaged or defective products with acceptable
- ontractor is responsible for verifying that the materials are free of lefects and are the proper type, classification, grade, etc complying with the Construction Plans and/or HSE's standards, Specifications, and details,

- Contractor must test and perform quality assurance requirements on all Sanitary Sewer Facilities in accordance with these
- Execute work in conformance with applicable sections of the latest published editions of American National Standards Institute (ANSI), American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), American Water Works ssociation (AWWA), and American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards or as indicated in these Specifications and/or the Construction Plans, whichever is
- more stringent. All sanitary sewer facilities must be new and unused. Line and grade requirements
- Contractor must provide assurance to Engineer that the sewer is aid accurately to the required line and grade as shown on the onstruction Plans. Contractor must constantly check horizonta and vertical alignment of the gravity sewer. Contractor may install either main line pipe between three (3) manhole structures or to a nanhole structure which is one thousand (1,000) lineal feet of main line pipe from an as-built manhole structure associated with an adjoining project Section or sanitary sewer interceptor which has been verified and reflected as complete on the HSE GIS infrastructure map, whichever is of the greater distance.

  Contractor must coordinate verification of Sanitary Sewer Facilities
- installation with Engineer to provide an as-built record, as described later in these Specifications, with the completion of described later in these specifications, with the completion of every three manholes. Verification is defined as certification by Contractor's representative as to actual invert elevation, length or pipe, and slope. Construction is not permitted to continue until the above stated verification conditions are satisfied. Variations rom uniform line and grade, as shown on the Construction Plan and as described below, are cause for the pipe to be rejected and re-laid in compliance with the Construction Plans.

- 3. The variance from design line and grade between manhole structures cannot be greater one-half (1/2) inch total, provided hat such variation does not result in a level or reverse sloping of
- the pipe between joints. 4. Contractor's survey equipment (level, transit, GPS, etc) shall bear calibration certification documentation by the manufacturers oved service facility within six (6) months of it being in use
- 5. Engineer will not accept gravity sanitary sewers below minimum slope. Reconstruction of sanitary sewers may be required at the utility's discretion.

- Inspection and Rejection of Materials
  The quality of all materials, process of manufacture, and finished product are subject to inspection and acceptance by Engineer Such inspection may be made at the place of manufacture and/or on the work site after delivery. Products are subject to rejection at any time for failure to meet any of the manufacturer's specifications, even though samples may have otherwise beer rrented as satisfactory
- nmediately prior to being incorporated into the Project, each product must be carefully inspected, and those not meeting these Specifications and HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheets must 2.16 e rejected, immediately removed from the site, and replaced at ontractor's sole expense.
- Contractor must not repair, or permit manufacturer to repair, any pre-cast concrete structures with exposed steel or welded wire fabric reinforcement.

  Pre-cast reinforced concrete structures, adjustment rings, and tops
- are subject to rejection for failure to conform with, but not limited to, any of the following requirements:
- to, any or the following requirements.

  1. Fractures or cracks passing through the shell with a depth greater than or equal to one (1) inch.

  2. Defects that indicate imperfect proportioning, mixing, or molding. 3. Surface defects indicating honeycombing or open texture 4. Damaged ends where such damage would prevent making a
- 5. Infiltration into the structure
- 6. The internal diameter of the structure must not vary by more than ne (1) percent from the nominal diameter
- l. Not clearly marked with date of manufacture, trade name, size designation, ASTM number, etc.
- 8. Having any visible steel bars or wire mesh along inside or outside surfaces of the structure

### 2.11 Relation to Wells and Water Supplies

- Sewers must be laid at least ten (10) feet horizontally from any isting or proposed water main. The distance is to be mea edge to edge. Should specific conditions prevent this separation, Contractor must notify Engineer for specific instructions. Whenever the sewer crosses a water main, the sewer should be
- aid at least eighteen (18) inches below the water main When the above conditions cannot be obtained, the sewer constructed of ANSI/AWWA C905 waterworks grade PVC pipe, SDR 21 PVC (ASTM D2241) pressure sewer nine or ANSI/AWWA C900 with compression fittings. The joints must be located equidistan in both directions from the water main. The sewer must be the 2.17 type of pipe described above for a minimum of ten (10) feet beyond the cross point. Special structural support for the water
- Sewer/water supply separations and pipe classifications must conform with the latest edition of the Ten States Standards, Indiana State Board of Health's (ISBH) "On-site Water Supply and /astewater Disposal for Public and Commercial Establish sulletin S.E. 13" and Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM).

- All existing utility systems which conflict with the construction of the Project, which can be temporarily removed and replaced, must be accomplished at the expense of Subscriber. Work must be done Contractor can do the work.
- Permanent relocation of Utilities 1. Except as otherwise noted on the Construction Plans, it is the responsibility of Subscriber to move or pay for moving all utility appurtenances, including but not limited to, water mains, storm ewer inlets, gas lines, electrical lines, service connections, water and gas meter boxes, water and gas valve boxes, light and traffic standards, cable ways, signals, etc. located in the public right-of-way or private easement which would permanently interfere with
- 2. It is understood and agreed that Contractor has considered in his understood and agreed that when contracted by HSE, no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays. convenience, or damage sustained by Contractor due to any efference from said utility appurtenances or the operation of moving them. Costs incurred due to the respective utility company moving the utilities shall be that of the Subscriber. Contractor must provide, at Contractor's expense, all electrical and gas energy, water service (including water for flushing and testing)

and telephone service required for the Project until the Project is

the Project.

- The service of an experienced installation representative of the manufacturer must be provided when Engineer deems it ecessary. The representative must be available when installation roblems arise, when requested by Engineer to resolve installation. problems, and during testing of the Sanitary Sewer Facilities having equipment installed
- The manufacturer of any Sanitary Sewer Facilities may be required to provide installation advice to Contractor's workforce. Engineer will determine the need for these services based on job site conditions encountered during construction.

- Install all products in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and these Specifications in a neat and
- and these Specifications to the attention of Engineer and obtain direction from Engineer as to the resolution of any conflict in

- Contractor must maintain, during the course of the Project, an upto-date plan set which accurately reflects the actual: as-built sions (horizontal location and vertical elevation), materials of action, and other relevant information necessary to develop a set of as-built record drawings.
- As-built horizontal locations are required on all manholes, wyes, lateral markers, and end of stubs (if greater than 20 feet). As-built vertical elevations are required on all manhole top of casting and inverts, clean-out top of castings, and upstream inverts of stubs greater than 20 feet. Engineer will schedule the as-built survey of npleted new infrastructure construction and bill Subscriber fo

- Contractor must provide to HSE and Engineer, in Subscriber's name, the necessary Completion Documentation for the Project. Costs associated with the final as-built documentation review by Engineer and its inclusion to update HSE's GIS infrastructure database shall be at Subscriber's expense. Any Field Changes made which, in Engineer's opinion, materially affect the project are to be made by Design Engineer and amended digital plan sheets provided prior to completion of sanitary sewer infrastructure stallation and operation
- On a daily basis, Utility inspector and Contractor shall submit a HSE Lateral Location form to Engineer detailing all wye connections, pipe type, stationing, and pipe grade. Prior to being submitted Utility Inspector and Contractor must digitally sign the Lateral supplied by measuring along the pipe section and assigning a station to each connection from the nearest downstream manhole tructure. An accuracy of two (2) +/- feet is required
- Contractor must complete all outstanding items detailed in Engineer's correspondence and supply all necessary information (including construction cost documentation, with all applicable change orders) Sanitary Sewer Inventory form Lateral Location sion logs, etc. are the responsibility of Inspector who shall provide them to Engineer.
- If a manhole top of casting is adjusted after as-builting, Contractor must supply Engineer with a new measure down to the flow line from the top of casting. If new measure down is not provided to Engineer, Contractor must pay Engineer, at their current rate, fo all time required obtaining this information.
- Contractor must provide to HSE copies of all contracts, invoices, statements, material lists, payment requests, and all other related documents pertaining to the construction cost of Project. The above documents must be provided monthly, unless otherwise determined by HSE. Submit any other items required by Engineer

- Inspection and Reimbursement Full time inspection by Engineer is required for all repairs and maintenance, to Sanitary Sewer Facilities prior to acceptance of the facilities by HSE as owner. Engineer must approve, in writing, all methods of repair to Sanitary Sewer Facilities as recomme y Contractor and manufacturer. Failure to comply will be ground or removal from HSE Approved Contractor List.
- If, for any reason, construction work is delayed or canceled, Contractor shall notify Engineer's inspector assigned to the Project and Engineer's chief inspector at least one hour (1) prior to the normal scheduled start time on the day the work is delayed or canceled. Contractor will be charged the prevailing rate for failure to notify Engineer's inspector and/or inspector's supervisor pe
- occurrence. Contractor must pay Engineer for all inspector's overtime cost Contractors will be charged overtime costs at the prevailing rate per hour outside of SAMCO's normal business hours. The hourly ate for Sundays and holidays will be twice the hourly rate. The ourly rates are subject to change without notice, contact Enginee prior to starting construction for current rates.
- If, at the sole discretion of Engineer, construction volume is less in what is deemed acceptable, Contractor may be required to pay for additional inspection services.
- Engineer's decision on field changes or construction practices is final. Failure to comply is grounds for removal from the HSE

# PART 3 - TESTING, PUNCH LISTS, AND CLEANING

- General Testing Requirements (Except Pump Factory Test) Notification must be provided at least three (3) days prior to any
- testing. All lines must be clean and free of any debris. At HSE's option, all testing within the HSE service area may be performed by HSE or their agent. Contractor shall reimburse HSE or its agent at HSE's current rate for all testing related services All testing (except manhole vacuum testing) must be conducted

after the backfill has been in place for at least thirty (30) days an

encing, signage, landscaping, site lighting, and other sub-surface

- after all other in ground utilities have been installed At Engineer's discretion, testing may be delayed, or additional testing may be required, based upon weather condition: (inadequate precipitation to allow for adequate settlement may also be delayed, or additional testing may be required due to the installation of site improvements (including but not limited to
- If Subscriber requires sanitary sewer service prior to final testing, a preliminary test may be performed, however, Subscriber must provide, in writing, a guarantee that all cleaning and testing will be performed per the Construction Plans and HSE's then current standards, specifications, and details.

### Deflection Testing If testing is delayed per Section 3.01-E above, due to the lack of

- precipitation and, in the opinion of Engineer, the densification of the backfill is inadequate, Contractor may perform a mandrel test utilizing a mandrel sized to measure a deflection limit of three (3) percent. This may only be done with permission of Engineer, in writing, after all requirements of Section 3.01-D have been me All PVC (non-lateral) pipe must be tested for deflection with an acceptable go-no-go mandrel. No pipe can exceed a deflection o five (5) percent. The deflection test must be conducted using a nandrel having a diameter equal to ninety-five (95) percent of the iside diameter of the pipe. The test must be performed without a mechanical pulling device and the rope used to pull the mandrel must be no stronger than one hundred-fifty (150) pound test Tag/trail rope may be of any size to allow removal of mandrel. A single individual of average size, weight, and strength, without the use of tools to gain leverage, must pull the mandrel. All pipe exceeding the allowable deflection must be replaced or repaired
- on sections of flexible pipe which are crossed by storm sewers any time prior to conveyance to HSE.
- Engineer will not accept sewers with "sags" greater than one thirty-second (1/32) of an inch per inch of pipe diameter, not to exceed one-half (1/2) inch total.

### Sewer Water Tightness Testing

- Maximum infiltration/exfiltration limits for all new sanitary sewers will be fifty (50) gallons per inch of diameter per mile of pipe per enty-four (24) hours. This standard is applicable to each dis connections. All sections of the sewer must be tested and any sections not meeting these limits must be repaired and re-tested
- 2. In the presence of groundwater or poor soil conditions, and if complete a water tightness test before proceeding with any additional construction
- Test for water tightness must be conducted on all sewers in the
- Where test results exceed allowable limits. Contractor must correct the construction of the sewer and retest so that the section tested is within allowable limits. All methods and materials used in ne repair must be accepted by Engineer in writing. Grouting of joints is not an acceptable repair method.
- If groundwater is present during installation of the sanitary sewe ainline. Contractor shall maintain a dewatering managemen eration to keep water out of the pipe and not incur any loatation issues. As with all aspects of construction, it is Contractor's responsibility to ensure all materials and modes of peration are properly secured and safe.
- At Engineer's discretion, the following tests may be required

  1. Air Test for Leakage per ASTM F1417
  - a. The ends of the pipe being tested must be sealed and properly braced for developed end thrust to prevent displacement while the line is under pressure and potential safety concerns. The air supply line will have an on/off valve and a pressure gauge (calibrated within the past 6-months) having a range from zero (0) to fifteen (15) psi. The gauge must have minimum divisions
  - hundredths (0.05) psi. b. The pipe to be tested must be clean
  - c. The groundwater level surrounding the section of pipe under testing must be determined from static dewatering well or prior observation. If the groundwater table is above the pipe, test pressures must be increased forty-three hundredths (0.43) psi for each foot of water over the lowest invert
  - d. The air must be introduced slowly to the section of pipe under evaluation to enable equalization in the pipe section. Air pressure should be increased in small steps until the internal air pressure is five (5) psi greater than the hydrostatic pressure
- head created by the groundwater over the pipe section.
  e. A minimum of two (2) minutes must be provided for the ai pressure to stabilize to conditions within the pipe. Engineer shall determine the stabilization time based on field condition. and weather. The stabilization period is necessary for variation in temperature to adjust to the interior pipe conditions. Air car be added slowly during the stabilization period to maintain a minimum pressure of five (5) psi greater than the hydrostatic
- pressure created by groundwater.

  f. After the stabilization period, when the pressure reaches exactly five (5) psi greater than the hydrostatic pressure created by groundwater, the stopwatch must be started; and when the ssure reaches three and half (3 ½) psi greater than the static pressure created by groundwater, the watch mu be stopped. The portion of the line being tested will be acceptable if the time for the air pressure to decrease within the stated range is greater than the time shown below. If the pipe length is between the specified lengths below, the time must be
- based on the next greater length. g. Safety precautions during Air Test The air test may be dangerous if, because of ignorance or carelessness, a line is improperly prepared. It is extremely important that the various plugs be installed and braced in such a way to prevent blowouts. Contractor should realize the sudden expulsion of a poorly installed plug could be dangerous. Likewise, a plug that is partially deflated before the pipe pressure is released can be equally dangerous

ii. As a safety precaution, pressurizing equipment should include

a regulator set at ten (10) psi to avoid over pressurizing and

Manhole Testing
All sanitary sewer manholes and flow monitoring/meterin
manholes must be vacuum tested per ASTM C1244 after installation, repair, or modification. Test to be performed by Contractor or HSE appointed agent and witnessed by Field Inspector prior to adjustment ring(s) and casting placemer

iii. No one is allowed in the manholes during testing.

amaging an otherwise acceptable line

- Installation and operation of vacuum equipment and indicating devices must be in accordance with ASTM C1244
- of mercury and close the valve. Acceptance standards for leakage will be established from the

# elapsed time for a negative pressure change from ten (10) inches to nine (9) inches of mercury. The maximum allowable leakage rate for a four (4) foot diameter manhole must be in accordance

### with the following: Minimum Elapsed time for a

>15ft but <25ft 90 sec 25ft but <30f >30ft but <35ft

foot diameter manholes Manholes will be subject to visual inspection with all visible leaks

### 3.05

- After all tests have been successfully completed, Engineer will
- Contractor must complete all punch list items within twenty-one (21) days of issuance. If, in opinion of Engineer, punch list has not been completed, Contractor must pay HSE additional inspection until Engineer deems punch list complete.

- Sections of sewer will be inspected at Engineer's discretion and in coordination with Contractor. This work shall be at the expense of
- All new sewers must be cleaned by Contractor prior to any testing or video inspection of mainline sewers. Failure to adequately perform this task will delay work completion. The Inspection staff hall exercise reasonable effort to not introduce debris into

# PART 4 - OPERATION, CLEANING, AND FINAL INSPECTION PRIOR TO

No person, including but not limited to. Subscribers, maintenance workers, Contractors, sub-contractors, and engineers shall, directly or indirectly, allow flow to occur from any Project which is not Complete to a Completed Project status.

- Within six (6) months prior to conveyance, Engineer will conduct an inspection (Final Inspection) at Subscriber's expense. The Final nspection will consist of a walk-through and video inspection of
- letermined by Engineer. After Final Inspection has been performed. Engineer will provide a written summary, or punch list, of items which require corrective action. Subscriber must complete all punch list items within sixty (60) days from the date of issuance of the punch list. If, after the sixty (60) day period, and in sole opinion of Engineer, the punch list tems have not been corrected in entirety, Contractor and/or
- until the items are corrected. Subscriber must rectify all defects identified during the Final espection in a manner acceptable to Engineer prior to Sanitary r Facilities being conveyed to HSE.

General Requirements Under general laying conditions, sewer pipe can be any one of the pipe materials specified in these Specifications provided, the naterial is that pipe type and standard indicated on the

 All pipe and fittings must be clearly marked in accordance with the various standards under which they are manufactured. All pipe must be marked with durable printing according to ASTM/AWWA

### joints to indicate when the pipe is driven home Polyvinyl Chloride ("PVC") Pipe

PVC pipe and fittings must be smooth wall inside and out and must conform to ASTM D3034 and ASTM F1336 (SDR 26 or SDR 21), Type PSM or CAN/CSA-B182.2.M90, the more stringent must apply or sizes up to 15 inches: ASTM F679 (T-1: T-2 as approved b Engineer) or AASHTO M278 or CAN/CSA-B182.2.M90, the m stringent must apply for sizes greater than 15 inches; ASTM D2241 (SDR 21) for sizes up to 24 inches: ANSI/AWWA C900 (DR 18) for sizes 4 - 12 inches; ANSI/AWWA C905 (DR25 or DR 18) for sizes 14

With the vacuum tester in place, draw a vacuum of ten (10) inches

75 sec

# Manhole Depth Pressure Change of 1-inch Mercury

>10ft but <15ft

For manholes five (5) feet in diameter, add an additional fifteen (15) seconds and for manholes six (6) feet in diameter, add a

ditional thirty (30) seconds to the time requirements for four (4)

# Punch Lists

perform inspection of Sanitary Sewer Facilities and provide Contractor a written summary of items, or punch list, which equire corrective action.

fees per re-inspection (inclusive of associated management costs)

HSE prior to approving sanitary sewer availability for service. Prior to conveyance of the infrastructure to the Utility, HSE will furnish all equipment and personnel to perform all work required in the inspection and video recording operation at Contractor's

Cleaning
The Project must be cleaned, as directed by Engineer at 4 02

# Subscriber's expense at least once prior to conveyance.

- the Project to identify any defects. The Final Inspection may also consist of flow monitoring, smoke, infiltration, deflection tests as
- bscriber may be required to pay HSE additional inspection fees

# SECTION 1 - MANHOLES, PIPES AND FITTINGS

Construction Plans

. A marking must be provided on the spigot of each pipe utilizing bell

# 1.02

O IS THE ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE RATE OF INSIDE SURFACE AERA OF PIPE.

SPECIFICATION TIME REQUIRED FOR A 0.5 PSIG PRESSURE DROP FOR SIZE AND LINGTH OF PIPE NOLCHED FOR Q = 0.0015. O NO THE ALL DIMARLE LEUKAGE RATE IN CU. FT./ MIN./ SQ. FT. LENGTH (L) SHOWN (MIN.SEC) 

SOUTHEASTERN REPARED F SHEET

**6** 

THE DOCUMENT AND THE IDEAS DESIGNS AND CONCETTS CONTINUED METHOD ARE THE EXCLUSIVE INTELLIGENTUM, REPORTY OF SANTARY HAMAGEMENT & ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC. AND MET NOT NOT USED OR REPORTOUCED IN HAID, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF SANTARY MANAGEMENT & ENDINEERING COMPANY, INC. 02023 BY SANTARY MANAGEMENT & ENDINEERING COMPANY, INC. 02023 BY SANTARY MANAGEMENT & ENDINEERING COMPANY, INC.

HAMILTON SOUTHEASTERN UTILITIES, INC.

GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER SPECIFICATIONS

SHEET 2 OF 2

- Joints, on PVC sewer pipe, must be the integral bell type gasketed joint designed so when assembled, the elastomeric gasket inside essed radially on the pipe spigot to form a positive the bell is compressed radially on the pipe spigot to form a pos-seal. The joint must be designed to avoid displacement of the gasket when installed in accordance with manufacturer's mmendations. The joint must comply with ASTM F477 and ASTM F913 and the physical requirements of ASTM D3212 and Un Bell PVC Pipe Association's UNI-B-1 "Recommended Specifications for Thermoplastic Pipe Joints, Pressure and Non-Pressure Applications", the more stringent must apply. The gasket must be
- PVC pipe type ASTM D3034 (SDR 26) can be used to thirty (30) feet.

- Fittings such as wyes, tees, and bends must be made in a manner tha will provide strength and water tightness at least equal to the class of the adjacent mainline pipe to which they are joined. Fittings must conform to all other requirements specified for nine of the used on the adjoining pipe. All fittings must be bell by bell. Bell by spigot fittings will not be permitted except at Engineer's discretion
- bricated fittings (not molded as a single integral unit) and saddles Il not be allowed. Plastic Trends, Inc. fittings are recognized as an acceptable alternate to this standard.
- If necessary, due to material shortage, water grade fittings may be stituted provided the application is clearly marked as sanitary

### Manholes and Other Structures

- Manholes must be constructed of monolithic concrete or pre-cast manhole sections. Pre-cast manhole sections must conform to the requirements of ASTM C443.
- Materials for Manholes and miscellaneous concrete structures
  - must comply with the following:

    Concrete for pre-cast manhole sections and monolithic manholes must use four thousand (4000) psi concrete. Ready-mix concrete must conform to ASTM C94, alternate 2. Maximum size aggregate must be one and a half (1.5) inches. Water/cement ratio must b no more than 0.53 by weight. Mix design to include Penetron concrete admix by Penetron USA.
- Reinforcing steel must conform to ASTM A615, Grade 40 deformed bars or ASTM A616, Grade 40 deformed bars
- Mortar materials:
   a. Sand ASTM C144, passing a #8 sieve.
- b. Cement ASTM C150, Type 1.
- c. Water must be potable.
- meeting the requirements of ASTM C443 and these Specification: the more stringent will apply. The joint must be further sealed as noted on HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheet
- Manufacturer of pre-cast manholes must provide factory cut openings to produce a smooth, uniform, cylindrical hole of the proper size to accommodate the resilient connector. Resilient tors can alternately be embedded by the manufacturer. All pipes entering and leaving manholes must have a resilient connector meeting the requirements of ASTM C923 firmly clamped around the pipe. The resilient connectors must be PSX gasket or Press Wedge II as manufactured by Press-Seal Gasket Corp. or
- 6. Without prior written consent of Engineer, pre-cast manhole sections must be steam cured and cannot be shipped from point of manufacture for at least five (5) days after having been cast. Upon written consent of Engineer, pre-cast manhole sections can be shipped prior to five (5) days if they were manufactured of high early strength concrete and are verified through testing to hav
- 7. Manhole sections are to have a waterproof exterior asphaltic coating applied prior to installation as approved by Engineer.
- 8. Manhole castings must be of good quality cast iron confi ASTM A48 or DI conforming to ASTM A536, Grade 65-45-12 with concealed rectangular pick-hole. Refer to HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheet for detailed information. Unless specifically designated otherwise, manhole castings must be the non-locking type. East Jordan Durostreet frame and composite cover are to be installed where there is a potential of flooding or corrosive gases
- 9. Manhole steps must be made from a steel reinforcing encapsulated in a copolymer polypropylene resin. The manhole steps must equal or exceed IOSHA and ASTM C478 requirements. Manhole steps manufactured by M.A. Industries, Inc., American Step Company, Inc., or equal are acceptable. 10. Any special manhole or miscellaneous concrete structures mus
- be constructed as detailed on the Construction Plans.
- 11. Manhole bases must be combination pre-cast concrete base and first section as a single unit. Detailed drawings must be
- 13. Exterior concrete manhole joints including adjustment rings are to be sealed by butyl and shrink-wrap.
- rcement for Type 2 cleanouts: Application per cubic yard must equal a minimum of one and a half (1 ½) pounds Fibers are for the control of cracking due to dry shrinkage and thermal expansion/contraction, to lower concrete permeability and to increase impact capacity, shatter resistance and abrasio Fibermesh, 4019 Industry Drive, Chattanooga, TN 37416, or equal as approved by Engineer on a case-by-case basis

# Handling and Cutting Pipe

orated into the Project must be handled Each product to be incorporated into the Project must be handled into its position, placed, and supported only in such manner and by such means as Engineer accepts as satisfactory.

- Pipe and fittings must be handled carefully to avoid cracking or abrasion of the coating. Handle in a manner to ensure instal ondition. Do not drop or bump. Use slings, lifting lugs, hooks, and other devices designed to protect pipe, joint elements, and coatings. Ship, move, and store with isions to prevent movement or shock contact with adjacen nits. Handle with equipment capable of performing the wor vith an adequate factor of safety against overturning or othe nsafe procedures.
- Any fitting or pipe showing a distinct crack or which received a evere blow which could have caused an incipient fracture, even hough no such fracture can be seen, must be marked as rejected and removed at once from the site. All field cutting of pipe must be done in a neat, trim manner. Field
- cut pipe will only be allowed at manholes, tees, wyes, and at the connection of a new sanitary sewer to an existing sanitary sewer The cut end must be beveled using a file or a wheel to produce a smooth bevel of approximately fifteen (15) degrees and a imum depth of 1/3 of the pipe wall thick
  - a. PVC pipe must be cut with either a hand saw or power saw b. Smooth cut by power grinding to remove burrs, and sharp edges and smoothly tapered to not damage socket gasket

### 2.02

Contractor shall contract with a Land Surveyor, registered in the State of Indiana, to furnish and set all line and grade stakes (HUB). Land Surveyor will be required to set, or oversee the setting, all benchmark stakes necessary for the installation of any sanitary sewer facility being constructed. Temporary construction benchmarks shall be set in strategic locations, but no more than one thousand (1,000) feet from the Project, to facilitate the installation of grade stakes and elevation control in the area of active sanitary sewer pipe installation. A permanent Benchmark shall be installed by Contactor at the entrance of a new

- is approved by Engineer, Contractor must not install different sizes, types, classifications, and grades of pipe between Manhole No construction work will be permitted after 8:00 PM or dusk, whichever is earlier. Manhole installation must be planned to be stacked out through cone prior to the end of the day and not ntial flooding by stormwater.
- All rough grading of development projects (on-site and off-site) must be finished to within one (1) foot of final grade prior to the start of construction of the Sanitary Sewer Facilities. Contractor ust provide and protect survey grade stakes that enable Engin to verify compliance with the rough grading requirement at least 5days prior to a scheduled preconstruction meeting for sanitary er related work.
- actor must install all off-site laterals with a minimum cover of six (6) feet from top of pipe to grade. Laterals will be considered off-site if they are constructed in an area that will not be platted ediately upon completion
- The point of commencement for laying pipe is to be the lowest point in the proposed line. Provisions for beginning construction at other than the lowest point in the proposed line shall require approval by Engineer. All bell and spigot pipe shall be laid with bell d pointing up grade
- The existing sewer segment downstream from any connection must be inspected for potential debris prior to plug removal and ection to the existing sanitary sewer. Engineer may requir e downstream pipe to be cleaned by a vactor truck pending ection findings.
- If, for any reason, live or in-service Sanitary Sewer Facilities must be plugged, the accumulated wastewater must be pumped out at the location of the plug and either conveyed to an available nanhole with sufficient capacity or transported to a proper disposal site. Additionally, the upstream lines and manholes must be cleaned and flushed to the location of the plug on completion of
- Pipe Bedding and Haunching and on HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheet. Bell recesses must be excavated in advance of pipe
- The supporting of pipe on block will be permitted only where the nine is to receive total concrete encasement. Encased nine must ccurately and effectively supported and secured on c
- All pipe must be laid accurately to the required line and grade in the manner prescribed by the pipe manufacturer and appropriate ASTM/AWWA standards Fach section of nine must be laid to form a close, concentric joint with the adjoining pipe at an elevation conforming to the required grade. PVC gravity sewer pipe and fittings must, at a minimum, be installed in accordance with the tions contained in ASTM D2321.
- btain approval of Engineer of method proposed for transfer of line and grade from control of work.
- At a minimum, Contractor must use laser beam equipment to naintain accurate line and grade. Before proceeding to the next joint, the last joint must be checked for proper line and grade. Survey instruments bearing proof of calibration within prior six (6) months and capable of third order accuracy must be used for checking alignment and grade throughout the Project. It is the Contractor's responsibility to regularly test all equipment to assure compliance with manufacturer's specifications. Clean interior of all pipe and fittings prior to installation
- When bell and spigot pipe is laid, the bell of the pipe must be cleaned of mud, sand, and other obstructions before the clean spigot of the next pipe is inserted. The joint must be made in a atisfactory manner in accordance with the recommendations of he manufacturer and the direction of Engineer. The new pipe Experienced personnel must perform all joint work. Locate pipe joint to provide for differential movement at changes

in type of pipe embedment or at changes in trench bottom material. Do not locate joint within eight (8) feet of Manhole walls,

- use full length pipe from up-stream conn ction. Clean and lubricate all joint and gasket surfaces with lubricant recommended manufacturer. Check joint deflection for specified limits No water in an excavation shall be permitted to enter the pipe
- Contractor to have water under control prior to installing pipe and rotect pipe interior from groundwater Perform nine installation only when weather and trench conditio
- are suitable. Allow pipe to reach trench air temperature prior to nstallation. Contractor must discontinue pipe installation when there is a danger of the quality of work being impaired because of laid on frozen ground. Pipe must not be installed unless the outside temperature is greater than thirty-two (32) degrees
- Install a temporary watertight plug at the end of the sewer when installed pipe is left unattended. Contractor must prevent all water, earth, or other material from entering Sanitary Sewer Facilities. An airtight, watertight plug must always be maintained in the Project at the point of connection with the existing sewer from the initiation of construction to the Completion of the Project. At least once a day, Contractor must inspect the plug for water tightness and pump out all accumulated water in excess of six (6) inches from the invert of the outgoing pipe. Contractor is to hold HSE harmless in the event any water, earth, or other materia enters the downstream sewer. Contractor is responsible to HSE for the costs of sewage treatment, electrical power, equipmen repairs, incidental damages, cleaning, and any other costs or expenses related to such entry, including legal fees, IDEM action response and fines imposed. Contractor shall pay HSE damages rrence and all imposed fines and remediation cost

approximately ninety (90) degrees and must maintain a minimun

horizontal separation (measured from outer spring line of each

oine) of ten (10) feet from all storm and utility structure

- Casing wall thickness as per Section 716 Trenchless Pipe allation of the "Indiana Department of Transportation Standard cifications" latest edition.
- All work within rights-of-way must be in accordance with the requirements of the governmental agency having jurisdiction Where no procedures for a particular portion of the work are ven, the recommendations of the "Indiana Department of ransportation Standard Specifications," latest edition, must be
- Verify the gravity-flow carrier pine shall be shimmed to proper line and grade with stainless steel casing spacers.

  Contractor shall perform low-pressure air and mandrel testing of
- the carrier pipe prior to grouting. After successful testing, use cellular grout to fill void between the
- Engineer to verify that the carrier pipe is on-line and grade. ractor must submit invert elevations to Enginee For further information refer to HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Detai
- Contractor may request alternate methods or materials such as the use of directional boring and/or PF pine. In this case, Engineer and Contractor performing the bore.

### 2.05 Pipe Bedding and Haunching

material, haunched, and backfilled with care. These material must be placed and compacted in accordance with ASTM D2321-Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Gravity Sewers INDOT washed #8 crushed stone, as indicated on HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheet, must be shovel sliced or otherwise carefully placed and "walked" or hand tamped in to ens

Each pipe section must be laid on a firm foundation of bedding

- Prior to pipe installation, carefully bring bedding material to grade along the entire length of pipe. If, in opinion of Engineer, soil tions are unstable, the trench must be undercut until stable soil is encountered and #2 stone must be placed below the pedding zone sufficiently deep enough to demonstrate compacted
- When the bedding material is placed in a "fill" area. "fill" must be ompacted to 95% standard proctor density prior to installing the
- For flexible pipe, such as PVC, the placement of embedment material or haunching around pipe must be done with care. The ability of the pipe to withstand loading in a trench depends upon
  - the method employed in its installation 1. Objects that may cause point loading on the pipe must be
- 2. Care should be taken to not compact directly over the top of the pipe or displace alignment. Where excavation occurs in rock or hard shale, the trench bottom
- nust be undercut and a minimum of six (6) inches of #8 crushed stone must be placed below the bedding zone prior to pipe All stone bedding above and below Sanitary Sewer Facilities must
- be free of dirt, organic matter, and frozen material.

### Concrete, Concrete Caps, and Concrete Cradles. The strength of concrete indicated on all drawings, details, and

2.06

specifications is twenty-eight (28) day compressive strength.

Concrete caps, cradles, and encasement must be provided at all locations indicated on the Construction Plans. When so ordered by Engineer, concrete caps, cradles, and encasement not shown on Construction Plans must be installed. When storm sewer Sanitary Sewer Facilities with less than eighteen (18) inc of vertical separation (from the outer edge of each pipe), the Sanitary Sewer Facilities must be supported with a concrete cradle

At Engineer's discretion, Contractor must take four (4) cylinders per five (5) cubic yards of concrete and provide certified test

ature of over twenty (20) degrees Fahrenheit and risin

If the outside temperature is between twenty (20) and thirty-two (32) degrees Fahrenheit and rising, Contractor must use a fifty (50) percent ethylene-glycol/water mixture. If the outside temperatu s forecasted to be below thirty-two (32) degrees Fahrenheit dur the curing of any concrete or grout application, the concrete must be protected from freezing with insulation blankets acceptable to Engineer. All concrete work must be performed at an outside

### Manholes and Other Structures

- All manhole structures to be coated on exterior with asphaltic All manholes, flow monitoring/metering manholes and cleanouts
- nust be constructed in accordance with HSE's Gravity Sanitary Sewer Details sheet. In manholes with multiple influent pines. Contractor must install all pipe from lowest to highest elevation. The lower elevation pipe
- must be extended to the next upstream manhole before commencing installation on the next higher sewer. Unless otherwise approved by Engineer in writing, all flow nitoring/metering manholes must be at least five (5) feet in
- Manhole channels must be formed and poured with concrete to the crown of the connecting pipe. The finished invert must be a semi-circular shaped, smooth channel directing flow to the downstream sewer. Changes in direction in base channels must be accomplished by smooth, constant radius turns in the channel
- oining the downstream channel tangentially.

  Where approved by Engineer, manholes can be added to an existing sanitary sewer. No "doghouse" or "saddle" structures will be permitted. The upstream and downstream sanitary sewers between the new manhole and the existing manholes must be low also be vacuum tested while maintaining continuous service Manholes must be placed and aligned to provide vertical sides within a tolerance not exceeding one (1) inch up to ten (10) feet in
- h and two (2) inches up to twenty (20) feet in depth, plus one eighth (1/8) inch per foot over twenty (20) feet in depth Tolerance to be checked with a plumb line. All cored holes, penetrations, and/or other openings into a manhole or other sanitary structure must have a minimum separation of eight (8) inches from any joint.
- 1. Any holes cut in the field must be smoothly and cleanly drilled with a core-drill or in a manner acceptable to Engineer. All pines ntering and exiting manholes must utilize a resilient connector as reviously described in these Specifications.
- 2. For cored holes, penetrations, and/or other openings through manholes, an internal separation of greater than eighteen (18) If a separation of less than eighteen (18) inches exists, a larger diameter manhole may be required.
- 3. All cored holes, penetrations, and/or other openings through manholes must have a minimum internal separation of eight (8) inches from the outer edge of the openings. Contractor must install steps with a minimum horizonta separation of twelve (12) inches from all pipes entering and exiting
- Finished grade around manholes and castings must be set at ar elevation to prevent surface water runoff from running over or ponding on top of the manhole.
- ole frames must be securely anchored to the cone with bolts and concrete anchors adequate in length to penetrate the Elat top structures are generally not permitted. If a flat top
- tructure is permitted, Contractor must receive written approval from Engineer. No more than eight (8) inches of adjustment rings can be installed on flat top structures. Engineer may, for inspection or testing purposes, take samples of rete after it has been mixed or as it is being placed in the
- All grout used to seal or join structures must be non-shrink grout.

### Laterals, Stubs, Connections, Bulkheads, and Miscellaneous Item /here existing sewers carrying sanitary sewage are encountered Contractor must provide and maintain temporary or redundant

- numping systems. here called for on the Construction Plans, lateral connection and stubs for future sewer connections must be provided. Lateral locations must be recorded on a HSE digital Lateral Locate Form. The upstream end of lateral connections and mainline stubs must be field marked with a two by four (2" X 4"), wrapped with #10
- Without written permission from Engineer, Contractor cannot nnect any existing sewers or house service into the Project prior o the Project being deemed Complete by HSE. Laterals must be installed to cross storm sewers and other utilities
- at approximately ninety (90) degrees and must maintain a inimum horizontal separation of ten (10) feet from exterior urface of all water lines, storm structures and utilities. Contractor must notify Engineer at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to any construction of storm sewers that may affect

iously constructed Sanitary Sewer Facilities

All laterals must be installed with an insulated #10 tracer wire along the top of pipe from the wye to the terminus. The mainline Contractor shall install the wire from the wye to the cap and wrap wire around the cap. The lateral Contractor shall extend the wire om the terminus to the cleanout adjacent to the building. All lateral tracer wire connections shall use a DryConn Direct Bury

# Existing Utilities, Structures, Property, Etc.

Prior to proceeding, all improvements, including but not limited to poles, trees, fences, sewer, gas, water or other pipes, wires. onduits, manholes, railroad tracks, buildings, structures, propo tc. along the route of Sanitary Sewer Facilities must not be

Lug electrical insulating, corrosion resistant, wire splice kit.

- disturbed without the approval of the responsible representative Following authorization by the associated owner's representative contractor is to support and protect from damage all
- potentially affected property. Moveable item such as mailboxes can be temporarily relocated during construction, provided their function is maintained. Place movable items back in their original location immediately after backfilling is finished, unless otherwise shown on the Constructi Plans. Any movable items damaged during construction must be replaced by an item of equal or better quality.
- Contractor must proceed with caution in the excavation and preparation of trenches so the exact location of underground utilities and structures can be determined. Contractor is responsible for repair of utilities and structures when broken or
- otherwise damaged due to construction activity.

  Contractor must make explorations and excavations when, in the opinion of Engineer, it is necessary to determine the location o underground structures pursuant to locate services having ously marked the area.
- said pipes and conduits without damage to them and without interrupting their service. The manner of supporting such pipes, etc. is subject to approval by owner of the pipe or conduit When utility lines must be removed or relocated for the Project, Contractor must notify Engineer and utility line owner in ample time for necessary measures to be taken to prevent interruption of the utility's service.
- conduct the work so that no equipment, materia or debris will be placed or allowed to fall upon private property in the vicinity of the Project, unless Contractor has first obtained the perty owner's written consent and provided a copy to Engine ated material must be piled in a manner that will avoi obstructing sidewalks, driveways, and thoroughfares. Hydrants under pressure, valve pit covers, valve boxes, curb stop boxes, fire
- and police call boxes, or other utility controls must be left inobstructed and accessible during the Project. Contractor must prevent runoff from stored piles of excavated material from entering ditches, waterways, gutters, or storm sewers. 2.10

# Right-of-Way Guidelines/Restriction

All sanitary sewer related activity planned to transgress or potentially be located within the rights-of-way of any public verning hody or utility located in same shall be reviewed by any and all utilities for potential concerns or conflicts in additio Asset Protection specialist to obtain prior written approval.

- Contractor must provide, install, and operate sufficient trenches, sumps, pumps, hoses, piping, well points, etc. to depress and maintain the groundwater level below the base of the excavation until all Sanitary Sewer Facilities are Completed. Provide sufficie dikes and de-watering equipment and make satisfactory arrangements for the disposal of the water without undue an algements of the usposal of the Water window under interference with other work, damage to property, or damage to the environment. Water disposal must comply with the regulations of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Soil Conservation Service (SCS), and all other applicable agencies.
- Facilities. In the event any water enters Completed Sanitary Sewe Facilities, Contractor is responsible to HSE for the costs of sewage reatment, electrical power, equipment repairs, incidental nages, cleaning, and any other costs or expenses related to such entry. In addition, Contractor shall pay HSE damages per occurrence. Failure to comply with HSE within 60 days may (at the discretion of HSE) result in the suspension or termination fro ing work in the utility's service area
- Operate de-watering equipment ahead of pipe laying to keep the water level below the excavation until structures are secured by
- Contractor must provide de-watering equipment, shoring, or other
- 5. To measure the static water level: wells must be accessible until ccessful completion of the low-pressure air test. All well (potable, non-potable, and de-watering) must be drilled, capped and abandoned in accordance with the requirements of Engineer the Indiana Administrative Code, Indiana Department of Natural rces – Groundwater Section, Hamilton County Health Department, and all other governmental agencies and public entities having jurisdiction. When possible, removal is
- 6. Contractor may maintain the well casing in-place for all Sanitary
- Trenching 1. All excavation work must incorporate safety measures that comply with all applicable IOSHA regulations and these Specifications. In the event of a conflict, the more stringent requirement will apply.
- 2. Trees, boulders, and other surface encumbrances, located to create a hazard to employees involved in excavation work or in the ricinity thereof at any time during operations, must be removed o made safe before excavation begins.

  3. Do not open more trench than necessary for the installation of
- ments for optimum installation and performance Contractor must provide sloped side walls (provided that the bottom four (4) feet of trench will not be sloped), sheeting, shoring, or trench boxes as safety measures for all excavations in accordance with all applicable IOSHA regulations. Contractor is responsible for the determination of the angle of repose of the soi in which the trenching is to be done. Except for areas where solid rock allows for line drilling or pre-slitting or where sheeting, horing, or trench boxes are to be used, excavate all slopes t the angle of repose, but not steeper than a one (1) foot rise

each pipe section while complying with the manufacturer's

to each half (1/2) foot horizontally. 5. Sides, slopes, and faces of all excavations must meet accepted ineering requirements by scaling, benching, barricading, rocking, wire meshing, or other equally effective means. Give

- special attention to slopes that could be adversely affected by weather or moisture content.
- Flatten the excavation sides when an excavation has water conditions, silty materials, loose boulders, and areas where erosion, deep frost action, and slide planes appear.
- A competent Contractor's representative, as defined under IOSHA egulations, must inspect excavations, and approve trench safet leasures for the excavation after every rain event or other haza creasing occurrence.
- 8. Do not store excavated or other material nearer than four (4) feet from the edge of any excavation. Store and retain materials to prevent materials from falling or sliding back into excavation. nstall substantial stop logs or barricades when mobile equipmen is utilized or allowed adjacent to excavations.
- 9. Minimize the amount of excavation around Manholes.

  10. The width of the trench is predicated upon the diameter of the pipe and depth the pipe is to be installed. If, when performing work for HSE, the specified trench width is exceeded. Contractor is nsible for the provision and installation, at his own ex original conditions. Any requested remediation beyond the reconstruction conditions is the responsibility of HSE.
- Test air in excavations where oxygen deficiency or gaseous conditions are possible. Establish controls to assure acceptable. atmospheric conditions. Provide adequate ventilation and eliminate sources of ignition when flammable gases may be present. Emergency rescue equipment, such as a breathing be readily available where adverse atmospheric conditions may exist or develop in an excavation
- 12. Provide walkways or bridges with guardrails where employees o equipment are required or permitted to cross over excavations.
- 13. Provide ladders where employees are required to be in excavations four (4) feet deep or more. Ladders must extend from floor of excavation to at least three (3) feet above the top of the excavation. Locate ladders to provide means of exit wit more than twenty-five (25) feet of lateral travel.
- 14. Provide adequate barriers and physically protect all excavations Barricade or cover all wells, pits, shafts, and similar excavation Backfill temporary wells, pits, shafts, and similar excavations upo rmination of exploration and similar operations
- Backfilling 1 Backfilling must meet the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C605
- unless otherwise specified in these Specifications.

  2. Engineer retains the right to delay an excavation backfill to inspect workmanship if he deems necessary
- 3. Place and tamp bedding and backfill in a manner that will not
- 5. When used in these Specifications and performing work for HSE. the term "clean backfill" shall mean backfill material of any type which is free of roots, brush, sticks, debris, junk, rocks, cinders, broken concrete or brick, large lumps of clay, frozen material stones, etc. greater than three (3) inches in their largest dimension
- Not more than fifteen (15) percent of the rocks or lumps can be larger than two and a half (2 1/2) inches in their largest diameter 6. All job excavated materials which are used for trench backfill above nine embedment and which are to be compacted by any method
- except settlement by water, must be "clean backfill".

  7. When performing excavation work for HSE in areas which will require topsoil restoration, Material excavated from an open trench can be used for backfilling, from the pipe to six (6) inches below finished grade, providing it meets the requirements of "clear backfill" and providing a different type of backfill material has not been specified or shown on the Construction Plans. Where excavated material is used for backfilling and there is a deficiency due to the rejection of a part thereof, Contractor, upon direct Engineer, must remove the rejected material from the site and furnish an additional quantity of "clean backfill" at his own expense. Should the native spoil be deemed unsuitable by eithe Engineer or Contractor and conditions could not be anticipated, HSE shall be responsible for the cost.
- 8. Excavated material must be placed immediately after the hand backfill in such a manner to prevent the formation of voids and ential damage to pipe. The earth backfill must be mounded six
- In no case must backfill be dropped from such height or in such volume that its impact damages Sanitary Sewer Facilities. Engineer eserves the right to regulate and control the manner of dep such backfill. Contractor will be held liable for damage to the
- anitary Sewer Facilities. Settling of backfill by flooding or puddling will not be permitted.
- Excess trench material must be roughly graded over the trench in a timely manner soon after the pipe is installed. This material must be mounded over the trench with a crown height of no more than six (6) inches, feathered to existing grade, until final settlement has occurred, and the trench is ready for rough grading and cleanup. An exception to this would be trenches in raveled pathways and established lawn areas. Any excess mus-
- 12. In established vegetated areas associated with excavation work before restoration of vegetated areas, grade and remove excess earth in unpayed areas. Remove to a depth of six (6) inches pelow finished grade. Place six (6) inches of topsoil over entire

be hauled off and disposed of or stored by Contractor.

# Restoration Related to Work Performed For HSE

- This section pertains to the restoration of the Project site upor ompletion of the work. Restoration of improvements on public and private property must
- be in-kind and acceptable to the owner. Restoration of road surfaces, drainage ways and other similar ements within the public right-of-way or acquired easements must be in accordance with the directions of the government agency or public entity having jurisdiction. All vegetated areas disturbed or damaged during construction ust be re-vegetated with a stand of grass. Agricultural areas and

- areas purchased for planned development or under construction do not require re-vegetation.
- .. Backfills, fills, and embankments must be brought to a sub-grade level six (6) inches below finished grade. When sub-grades have settled, deposit and spread fine raked topsoil, ready for seeding, to a finished depth of at least six (6) inches.
- nmercial fertilizer, 6-12-12 or equal, must be uniformly sprea at the rate of thirty-five (35) pounds per one thousand (1,000) square feet over the topsoil by a mechanical spreader at least forty-eight (48) hours before seeding and mixed into the soil for a depth of two (2) inches.

  3. A grass seed mixture comprised of thirty-five (35) parts Kentucky
- Blue Grass, thirty (30) parts Perennial Rye, thirty (30) parts Kentucky 31 Fescue and no more than five (5) parts inert matter must be sown on the disturbed areas at a rate of three (3) pounds per one thousand (1,000) square feet. Seeding must be done only between April 1 and June 1 or August 15 and October 15.
- 4. Seeded areas must be mulched with straw, hav, wood cellulose fiber, or cane fiber. Straw or hav must be applied at a rate of tw must be applied at a rate of one thousand (1,000) pounds per acre. On special areas of high-water concentration, unstable soils, or sloped surfaces, manufactured mulch materials such as soil retention blankets, erosion control netting or others may be required by Engineer. Manufactured mulch materials must be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendation
- 5. The seeded areas must be thoroughly watered with a fine spray to prevent wash out of the seed. Areas shall be maintained and patched as directed by Engineer. A satisfactory stand of grass at east one (1) inch in height, without bare spots, will be required Within three (3) months after Project Comsurfaces, bare spots in grass coverage, erosion, and gullies.

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HAMILTON SOUTHEASTERN UTILITIES, INC. GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER SPECIFICATIONS

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