

HORIZONTAL BORE SPECIFICATIONS																																																																																																					
SECTION 0 – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS																																																																																																					
PART 1 – GENERAL OVERVIEW																																																																																																					
1.01	Definitions – For the purposes of these Horizontal Directional Drill Specifications ("Specifications"), the following definitions shall apply: A. "HSE" shall mean Hamilton Southeastern Utilities, Inc., the public utility which provides sanitary sewer service in the Project (as hereafter defined) area. HSE's address is 11901 Lakeside Drive, Fishers, Indiana 46038, and HSE's phone number is (317) 577-3770/3700. B. "Engineer" shall mean the engineer for HSE, which is Sanitary Management & Engineering Company, Inc. ("SM&E" or "SM&E's" engineers. SM&E's inspector shall be the Engineer's representative during construction of the Project. SM&E's address is 11901 Lakeside Drive, Fishers, Indiana 46038, and SM&E's phone number is (317) 577-1150. C. "Subscriber" shall mean those abutments identified as Subscribers under a Special Contract for Extension of Sewer Mains and Facilities with HSE through which the Project is being undertaken. Subscriber is generally the Owner under a construction contract. This definition is intended to include all employees and/or agents acting in the interest of Subscriber. D. "Contractor" shall mean any construction contractor approved by HSE to construct, install, maintain, repair and remove public or Private sanitary sewer facilities within the HSE service area. This definition is intended to include all employees, sub-contractors and/or agents acting for or on behalf of the Contractor's company. E. "Design Engineer" shall mean the engineer issuing the Construction Plans, as opposed to the Engineer for HSE and the Record Drawing Engineer, both of whom are also defined under these Specifications. This definition is intended to include all employees, sub-contractors and/or agents acting for or on behalf of the Design Engineer's company. F. "Record Drawing Engineer" shall mean the engineer who will certify the record drawings, as opposed to the Engineer for HSE and the Design Engineer, both of whom are also defined under these Specifications. This definition is intended to include all employees, sub-contractors and/or agents acting for or on behalf of the Record Drawing Engineer's company. G. "Project" shall mean any sanitary sewer facilities constructed under a distinct set of contract documents and shall include all work necessary for the Complete (as hereafter defined) and operate installation of all sanitary sewer infrastructure and appurtenances in conformity with the HSE approved Construction Plans and the standards, specifications and details of HSE. H. "Conveyance" with regards to sanitary sewer facilities means Projects for which HSE has received title. I. "Private" with regards to Projects shall mean Projects from which sewage flows into HSE's sanitary sewer facilities, but for which title for the sanitary sewer facilities is not to be Conveyed to HSE. J. "Completed" with regards to Projects shall mean any Projects which are acceptably constructed, tested and through which customer service has been authorized by HSE, but for which HSE has not received title. All applicable fees must be paid to HSE prior to a Project being deemed Complete. K. "Construction Plans" shall mean primary plans, secondary plans, sets of construction drawings, architectural plans, shop drawings, loadings, plan records, drawings, easements, deeds, covenants and restrictions and any other documentation to be submitted under these Specifications and HSE's "Design Specifications for Sanitary Sewer Facilities". Construction Plans must meet the applicable standards in effect at the time the documents are submitted. L. "Completion Documentation" shall mean record drawings and other documentation to be submitted under HSE's "Sanitary Sewer Completion Specifications". Completion documents must meet the applicable standards in effect at the time the documents are submitted.	2.04	Continuity of Construction A. Once construction has commenced, the Project must be Completed promptly and in a timely manner as directed by the Engineer. B. Contractor can not discontinue work on the Project, except for weather delays, without written approval from the Engineer and in this case to sanitary sewer structures including gravity manholes, wet wells, valve vaults, air/vacuum release manhole, clean-out manholes, flow monitoring/metering manholes, etc. can be left open and incomplete.																																																																																																		
		2.05	Confined Space Entry A. All persons, including but not limited to Subscribers, Contractors, sub-contractors, Design Engineers, Record Drawing Engineers and surveyors must abide by HSE's "General Procedures for Manhole Opening and Entry" or the most recent OSHA confined space entry standards, which ever is more restrictive.																																																																																																		
		2.06	Cleanliness A. The Project site must at all time be kept free of trash, rubbish, unsightly materials and other nuisances. B. All streets, yards, pavement, parkways and private property must be thoroughly cleaned each day of all surplus materials, debris and rubbish placed thereon by the Contractor. Project site must be cleaned at the end of each workday. Trash receptacles must be provided as necessary to dispose of waste items.																																																																																																		
		2.07	Product Delivery, Handling and Storage A. The Contractor is responsible for the delivery, storage and handling of products. B. Deliver products with manufacturer's tags and labels intact. C. Handle products in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and with extreme care so as to not damage or crack. Load and unload all products by hoists or skidding. Do not drop products. Do not roll or roll products on or against other products. Slings, hooks and pipe lugs must be padded. D. Keep stored products safe from damage or deterioration in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Keep the interior of products free from dirt or foreign matter. Drain and store products in a manner that will protect them from damage by water. Store electronic and electrical equipment in a dry, well-ventilated, secure building, away from freezing and weather. Do not stock products unless allowed by the manufacturer's requirements. Store gaskets and other products affected by sunlight in a cool location out of direct sunlight. Gaskets must remain in contact with petroleum products. Use gaskets on a first-in, first-out basis. E. Promptly remove damaged or defective products from the Project site. Replace damaged or defective products with acceptable products. F. The Contractor is responsible for verifying that the materials are free of defects and are the proper type, classification, grade, etc. complying with the Construction Plans and/or HSE's standards, specifications and details.																																																																																																		
		2.08	Quality Assurance A. The Contractor must test and perform quality assurance requirements on all Infrastructure in accordance with these Specifications. B. Execute work in conformance with applicable sections of the latest published editions of American National Standards Institute ("ANSI"), American Society of Mechanical Engineers ("ASME"), American Society for Testing and Materials ("ASTM"), American Water Works Association ("AWWA"), American Welding Society ("AWS") and National Electrical Manufacturers Association ("NEMA") standards or as indicated in these Specifications and/or the Construction Plans, whichever is more stringent. Materials and products submitted by Contractor must be of the type approved by the National Electric Code ("NEC"), Uniform Building Code ("UBC") and Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. ("UL"). D. All Infrastructure must be new and unused. E. The Contractor must provide assurance to the Engineer that the pressure/gravity sewer is laid according to the required line and grade as shown on the Construction Plans. The Contractor must constantly check horizontal alignment of the force main. The Contractor must coordinate verification of the force main with the Record Drawing Engineer so as to provide an as-built record set as described later in these Specifications. Verification is defined as certification by an appropriately registered Indiana professional as to actual elevation and horizontal location of the force main. Variations from line and grade as shown on the Construction Plans are cause for the force main to be rejected and re-laid in compliance with the Construction Plans. F. Test Sections 1. Initial Performance Tests – A hydrostatic pressure test may be required on the first six hundred (600) feet of force main of each size and type of force main material installed. This test will be performed when, in Engineer's opinion, materials or techniques unproven with HSE are proposed, when Contractor cannot show adequate experience with the materials or techniques to be used, or when field conditions warrant. No additional force main can be installed until the first section of force main of each size and type of material has satisfactorily passed the initial performance tests or a water is received. No initial performance test is done with gravity sewers. 2. Subsequent Performance Testing – As work progresses, the Engineer may designate additional sections for subsequent performance testing as conditions in his opinion warrant. The Engineer will notify the Contractor of the location where subsequent performance test(s) are to be required not later than fifteen (15) days after the force main is installed. Unless otherwise authorized, the Contractor must arrange to commence the subsequent performance test(s) within fifteen (15) days after the force main has been installed and/or within fifteen (15) days after receiving notification by the Engineer, whichever date is later. 3. Find Performance Testing for Completion – All Infrastructure must pass all applicable test requirements of these Specifications.																																																																																																		
		2.09	Inspection and Rejection of Materials A. The quality of all materials, the process of manufacture and the finished product are subject to inspection and acceptance by the Engineer. Such inspection may be made at the place of manufacture and/or at the work site after delivery. The products are subject to rejection at any time for failure to meet any of the manufacturer's specifications even though samples may have otherwise been accepted as satisfactory. B. Immediately prior to being incorporated into the Project, each product must be carefully inspected, and if not meeting these Specifications and HSE's Detail sheets must be rejected, immediately removed from the site and replaced at Contractor's sole expense. Contractor must repair, or replace, any precast concrete structures with exposed steel or welded wire fabric reinforcement.																																																																																																		
		2.10	Relation to Wells and Water Mains A. Force mains must be laid at least ten (10) feet horizontally from any existing or proposed water main. The distance is to be measured edge to edge. Should specific conditions prevent this separation, the Contractor must notify the Engineer for specific instructions. B. Whenever the force main crosses a water main, it should be laid at least eighteen (18) inches below the main. C. Sewer/water supply separations and pipe classifications must conform with the latest edition of the Indiana State Board of Health's ("ISBH") "On-Site Water Supply and Wastewater Disposal for Public and Commercial Establishments" – Bulletin 53, 13."																																																																																																		
		2.11	Utilities A. All existing utility systems which conflict with the construction of the Project herein, which can be temporarily removed and replaced, must be accomplished at the expense of the Contractor. Work must be done by the respective utility unless the utility approved in writing that the Contractor can do the work. B. Permanent Relocation of Utilities 1. Except as otherwise noted on the Construction Plans, it is the responsibility of the Contractor to move or pay for moving all utility appurtenances, including but not limited to, water mains, storm sewer inlets, gas lines, fire lines, service connections, water and gas meter boxes, water and gas valve boxes, light and utility standards, cable trays, signals, etc. located in the public right-of-way or private easement which would permanently interfere with the Project. 2. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid of the permanent and temporary utility appurtenances shown or otherwise indicated on the Construction Plans. It is also understood and agreed that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience or damage sustained by the Contractor due to any interference from said utility appurtenances or the operation of moving them either by the respective utility company or the Contractor. C. The Contractor must provide, at Contractor's expense, all electrical and gas energy, water service (including water for flushing and testing) and telephone service required for the Project until the Project is Completed.																																																																																																		
		2.12	Installation Service A. Provide services of factory-trained representative for up to a period of eight (8) hours for the installation of High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe.																																																																																																		
		2.13	Product Installation A. Install all products in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and these Specifications in a neat and workmanlike manner. B. Bring all conflicts between the manufacturer's recommendations and these Specifications to the attention of Engineer and obtain direction from Engineer as to the resolution of any conflict in installation directives.																																																																																																		
		2.14	As-Built Record Set A. Contractor must maintain during the course of the Project an up-to-date plan set which accurately reflects the actual, as-built conditions, materials of construction, horizontal location, vertical elevation and other relevant information necessary to develop a set of as-built record drawings in accordance with HSE's "Sanitary Sewer Completion Specifications". B. As-built horizontal locations and vertical elevations are required on all fittings (including elbows and tees) and on all force main (at a minimum of 300 feet of force main) at the top and bottom of the bell and valve vault and inverts into the wet well, clean-outs, and air/vacuum release manholes. C. In order to provide as-built information as specified in HSE's "Sanitary Sewer Completion Specifications" may require excavation by the Contractor to obtain this information.																																																																																																		
		2.15	Completion Documentation A. HSE's "Sanitary Sewer Completion Specifications" specify the requirements which must be met prior to the time the Project is placed in service. B. Contractor and Record Drawing Engineer must provide to HSE and Engineer in Subscriber's name the necessary Completion Documentation for the Project, including record drawings and a digital file. At the end of construction, Engineer will provide a Record Drawing Notification to the Subscriber and Record Drawing Engineer. Completion Documentation, including record drawings in a digital file format, must be delivered by Contractor and Record Drawing Engineer in the name of Subscriber to HSE. HSE will procure the services necessary to generate or otherwise acquire the record documents and other Completion Documentation of Subscriber's expense. C. Record Drawing Engineer must also submit Sanitary Sewer Record Drawing Information sheets for all Lift Station/Force Main Manholes that have not been previously as-built. These sheets must be submitted to Engineer within fourteen (14) days of the Record Drawing Notification. D. Contractor must complete all outstanding items defined in Engineer's correspondence and supply all necessary information (including, construction cost documentation, with all applicable change orders, Sanitary Sewer Inventory form, etc.) to Engineer in a timely manner. Contractor must also provide timely responses to any questions or requests for questions associated with constructed conditions including, pipe sizes, pipe types, horizontal location of concrete encasement/capping and boxes, water tight castings, fittings, etc. E. If a Manhole top of casting is adjacent after as-builting, then the Contractor must supply Engineer with a new measure down from the flow line to the top of casting. If the new measure down is not provided to Engineer, then the Contractor must supply Engineer, at their current rate, for time required obtaining this information.																																																																																																		
		2.16	Inspection and Reimbursement A. Full time Inspection Engineer is required for all repairs, maintenance or construction to infrastructure. Engineer must approve, in writing, all methods of repair or maintenance as recommended by the Contractor and manufacturer. Failure to comply will be grounds for removal from the HSE approved contractor list.																																																																																																		
		3.0	WORK INCLUDED A. Furnish all labor, materials and equipment required to install the required potable water main, sanitary force main pipe and fittings using directional drilling method of installation, all in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. The pipe size, type and length shall be as specified in the Detailed Specifications and as shown on the Construction Plans. Work shall not be limited to proper installation, testing, restoration of underground utilities and environmental protection and restoration. B. The directional drill shall be accomplished by first drilling a pilot hole as shown on the approved plan bore and then enlarging the pilot hole no larger than 1.5 times the outer diameter to accommodate the full pull back of the pipe through the enlarged hole. C. Soil borings as required for certain subsurface soil conditions shall be provided by the Detail Drilling Contractor within the scope of this project. D. The work shall include all pressure main and lateral installation using the directional drilling method, clearing and grubbing, well pit excavation, removal and disposal of any rock and water, disposal of excess excavated material, fitting, thrust blocking, groutout bores, any soil cutting of permanent pavement surfaces for boring and receiving pits to install pressure mains, removal/repair of any underground, sidewalks, fences, curbs, gutters, cable boxes, manhole pipes, field ties and other surface or sub-surface structures, pipes, conduits, cable, etc. sheeting and shading, protection of existing structures, trees, shrubs, bushes, clearing up, and all other operations necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and specified.																																																																																																		
		3.01	SCOPE This Specification covers the use of HDPE and thrust-restrained Poly-Vinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe.																																																																																																		
		3.02	REFERENCE DOCUMENTS A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) ASTM F1962: Use of Map-Horizontal Directional Drilling for Placement of Polyethylene Pipe or Conduit Under Obstacles, Including Crossing Utilities. ASTM D1784: Standard for Rigid PVC Compounds and Chlorinated PVC Compounds. ASTM D2857: Standard Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials ASTM D3139: Standard Specification for Joints for Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals ASTM D3381: Best Heat Fusion Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Fittings for Polyethylene Plastic Pipe and Tubing ASTM D3350: Standard Specifications for Polyethylene Plastic Pipe and Fitting Materials ASTM F477: Standard Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe AWWA C900: Standard for PVC Pressure Pipes and Fabricated Fittings, 4" through 12", for Water Distribution AWWA C901: Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Tubing ½ in. through 3 in. for Water Service AWWA C905: Standard for PVC Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 14" through 48", for Water Distribution AWWA C906: Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Fittings 4 in. through 63 in. for Water Distribution.																																																																																																		
		3.03	SUBMITTALS A. Data supporting the directional drilling contractor's qualifications and experience. B. Work plan: Prior to beginning work, the CONTRACTOR must submit to the ENGINEER a work plan detailing the procedure and schedule to be used to execute the project. The work plan should include a description of all materials, equipment, personnel, and subcontractors, and their qualification and experience (including backup personnel in the event that an individual is unavailable), list of subcontractors, a schedule of work activity, a safety plan (including MSDS of any potentially hazardous substances to be used), an environmental protection plan and contingency plans for possible problems. Work plan should be comprehensive, realistic and based on actual working conditions for this particular project. Plan should document the thoughtful planning required to successfully complete the project. C. Bore plan: Prior to beginning work, the CONTRACTOR must submit to the ENGINEER a spaced and scaled, scaled drawing of the plot bore plan for review and approval. (Note: Vertical scale 1" = 2' and Max. Horizontal scale 1" = 20'). The plan shall show finished grade, deflection and boreholes of the plot bore, all existing utilities with minimum vertical and horizontal clearances. The plan shall show the location of the drill rig setup and for multiple bores, the lengths of each bore based on soil condition, equipment used, topography, etc. The proposed vertical and horizontal clearances between the bore and pipe or existing/proposed conflicting pipes, conduits or obstructions shall exceed the guidance system accuracy tolerance by a minimum of 100%. D. Material: Specifications on material to be used shall be submitted to ENGINEER. Material shall include the pipe, fittings and any other item, that is to be an installed component of the project. E. Equipment: Submit specifications on directional drilling equipment to be used to ensure that the equipment will be adequate to complete the project. Equipment list shall include but not be limited to: drilling rig, mud system, mud motors (if applicable), downhole tools, guidance system, recovery systems. Calibration records for guidance equipment shall be included. Specifications for any drilling fluid additives that CONTRACTOR intends to use or might use shall also be submitted. F. Drilling Rig: The directional drilling machine shall consist of a hydraulically powered system to rotate and push hollow drilling pipe into the ground at a variable angle while delivering a pressurized fluid mixture to a guideable drill (bore) head. The machine shall be anchored to the ground to withstand the reaction forces generated by the drilling process. The hydraulic power system shall be self-contained, with sufficient pressure and volume to power operations of hydraulic systems. The machine shall be able to feed at least 100 feet of pipe and record maximum pull-back pressure during pull-back operations. There shall be a system to detect electrical current. From the drill string and an audible drum that automatically sounds when electrical current is detected. G. Drill Head: The drill head shall be steerable by changing its rotation and shall provide necessary cutting surfaces and drilling fluid jets. H. Mud Motors (if required): Mud motors shall be of adequate power to turn the required drilling tools. I. Drill Pipe: Drill pipe shall be constructed of high quality 4130 seamless tubing, grade D or better, with threaded bar and pins. Joints should be hardened to 32-36 RC. J. Guidance System: General: An electronic "walkover" tracking system or a Magnetic Guidance System (MGS) probe or proven (non-experimental) geospatial probe and interface shall be used to provide a continuous and accurate determination of the location of the drill head during the drilling operation. The guidance system shall be capable of tracking at all depths up to fifty feet and in any soil condition, including hard rock. The drill head shall be able to guide the drill head by providing real-time information on the tool face, azimuth (horizontal direction), and inclination (vertical direction). The guidance system shall be accurate and calibrated to manufacturer's specifications of the vertical depth of the borehole of sensing position at depths up to fifty feet and accurate to 2-inches horizontally. K. Components: The CONTRACTOR shall supply all components and materials to install, operate, and maintain the guidance system. L. The Magnetic Guidance System (MGS) shall be used and operated by personnel trained and experienced with the system. The CONTRACTOR shall be aware of any geo-magnetic anomalies and shall consider such influences in the operation of the guidance system.																																																																																																		
		3.04	QUALITY ASSURANCE A. All directional drilling operations shall be performed by a qualified directional drilling CONTRACTOR with a minimum of 10 years of experience in directional drilling. The work required of this project. The CONTRACTOR must have installed a minimum of 50,000 linear feet of pipe (4-inch diameter or greater) using directional drilling operations. A list of project references is required prior to job commencement. B. All work shall be scheduled through the ENGINEER. Notify ENGINEER a minimum of Three (3) days in advance of the start of work. C. All work shall be performed in the presence of ENGINEER. D. All applicable permits and applications must be in place prior to start of work.																																																																																																		
		4.0	PART 4 – PRODUCTS 4.01 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE A. The pipe material to be used for 4" through 12" diameters shall meet AWWA C900 standards for Polyvinyl Chloride pressure pipe and fittings and shall have a dimension ratio DR 18 (Class 200). The pipe material to be used for 14" through 18" diameters shall meet AWWA C900 standards for Polyvinyl Chloride pressure pipe and fittings and shall have a dimension ratio DR18 (Class 235). PVC pipe that is intended for use as a casing for a finished product pipe may have the dimension ratio DR 18. The pipe shall be designated as Cert-Lok C900/RJ or Cert-Lok C905/RJ as manufactured by Corbitt Corporation. All other pipe shall have the written approval of the Engineer and all submittal review as an optional approved product. B. The PVC AWWA C900 and C905 pipe shall only be white in color. C. The pipe shall be joined using a separate PVC coupling, built in sealing gaskets and restraining grooves. The restraining splines shall be square and made from Nylon 101. D. Exposed splines shall be cut ¼" from coupling to reduce soil drag. E. Couplings shall be blended on leading edges to minimize soil friction. F. Using Cert-Lok C900/RJ pipe, the Contractor shall adhere to the pipe manufacturer's most current data regarding the drilling fluid at a constant minimum pressure of 1200 psi. The minimum pull-in force shall not exceed the following values: <table><tr><th>Size</th><th>SDR</th><th>Class</th><th>Pipe O.D.</th><th>Coupling O.D.</th><th>Maximum Pull-In Force Straight Pull (lbs.)</th><th>Maximum Pull-In Force Bending (lbs.)</th></tr><tr><td>(inch)</td><td></td><td></td><td>(inch)</td><td>(inch)</td><td>(lbs.)</td><td>(lbs.)</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>18</td><td>235</td><td>4.800</td><td>5.984</td><td>8,000</td><td>10,300</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>18</td><td>235</td><td>6.800</td><td>8.366</td><td>9,300</td><td>14,700</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>18</td><td>235</td><td>9.000</td><td>10.947</td><td>15,900</td><td>28,800</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>18</td><td>235</td><td>11.100</td><td>13.361</td><td>24,900</td><td>36,300</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>18</td><td>235</td><td>13.200</td><td>15.830</td><td>28,300</td><td>48,300</td></tr></table> G. Using Cert-Lok C905/RJ pipe, the Contractor shall adhere to the pipe manufacturer's most current data regarding tensile limitations for trenchless application. The minimum pull-in force shall not exceed the following values: <table><tr><th>Size</th><th>SDR</th><th>Class</th><th>Pipe O.D.</th><th>Coupling O.D.</th><th>Maximum Pull-In Force Straight Pull (lbs.)</th><th>Maximum Pull-In Force Bending (lbs.)</th></tr><tr><td>(inch)</td><td></td><td></td><td>(inch)</td><td>(inch)</td><td>(lbs.)</td><td>(lbs.)</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>125</td><td>18</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>6.0</td><td>6.0</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>188</td><td>13</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>9.0</td><td>9.0</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>250</td><td>10</td><td>20</td><td>20</td><td>11.0</td><td>11.0</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>313</td><td>7</td><td>24</td><td>24</td><td>13.0</td><td>13.0</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>375</td><td>6</td><td>30</td><td>30</td><td>16.0</td><td>16.0</td></tr></table> In any case, the deflection ratio shall not exceed 75% of the maximum allowable curvature allowed for standard C900 PVC pipe. H. The pipe shall be joined using non-metallic couplings which have been designed as an integral system for trenchless application. The couplings shall be flexible, thermoplastic splines shall be inserted into mated, precision-machined grooves in the pipe and coupling to provide joint restraint with evenly distributed loading.	Size	SDR	Class	Pipe O.D.	Coupling O.D.	Maximum Pull-In Force Straight Pull (lbs.)	Maximum Pull-In Force Bending (lbs.)	(inch)			(inch)	(inch)	(lbs.)	(lbs.)	4	18	235	4.800	5.984	8,000	10,300	6	18	235	6.800	8.366	9,300	14,700	8	18	235	9.000	10.947	15,900	28,800	10	18	235	11.100	13.361	24,900	36,300	12	18	235	13.200	15.830	28,300	48,300	Size	SDR	Class	Pipe O.D.	Coupling O.D.	Maximum Pull-In Force Straight Pull (lbs.)	Maximum Pull-In Force Bending (lbs.)	(inch)			(inch)	(inch)	(lbs.)	(lbs.)	4	125	18	10	10	6.0	6.0	6	188	13	16	16	9.0	9.0	8	250	10	20	20	11.0	11.0	10	313	7	24	24	13.0	13.0	12	375	6	30	30	16.0	16.0
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		4.02	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE A. HDPE pipe shall be as manufactured by Phillips Dacopipe, Inc., Orono Chemical Company, or Engineer approved equal. The Contractor shall refer to pipe manufacturer for appropriate handling, unloading and storage of pipe. B. HDPE pipe shall only be black in color. C. Class 160 – DR 11 D. Fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with the reference standards listed in these specifications and the material types and design pressure and temperature ranges specified. E. Fittings shall be manufactured by the same manufacturer as the pipe to which fusion bonding is intended, using identical materials and meeting the same pressure requirements. F. Tapping sleeves shall not be acceptable. G. Fittings shall not be field fabricated. H. Flange backup rings shall be of the type and pressure rating as the pipe. I. Hare couplings will be required for all transitions from HDPE to any other pipe material. J. Ductile from backup rings shall be of the conventional type, fabricated from ductile iron per ASTM A536, grade 65-46/42K and shall be 65/45/12. Ductile iron flange backup rings shall conform with ANSI B16.5 Class 150. K. Backup rings shall be finished and cast with flash removed from all edges and ball holes. To the specified dimensions. Additional finish requirements, if any, shall be as noted on the plans and in accordance with the following: <table><tr><td>1. Epoxy coating, with bituminous 300M high build cold tar epoxy or equal per manufacturer's recommendations.</td><td>2. Gasket materials shall be compatible with the service of piping system. Asbestos gaskets are not allowed.</td></tr></table> E. Fusion Bonding Procedure Piping joints other than those shown as flanged or otherwise mechanically connected shall be butt fusion bonded in accordance with a written bonding procedure (BPS) as required by ANSI (ASME B31.3, Chapter IX, paragraph A-308). BPS shall include cutting and fitting requirements. Materials to be fusion bonded shall be from the same manufacturer. Bonders and bonding operations shall be qualified in the use of the BPS as required by ANSI/ASME B31.3, Chapter IX, paragraph A-308. Qualification records certifying that bonders and bonding operators employed to perform fusion bonding are qualified in the BPS shall be submitted prior to commencement of fusion bonding work. Bonding equipment specified in the BPS shall be in proper operating condition. Equipment heater performance shall be tested and certified prior to use for fusion bonding. Bonders and bonding operators shall be qualified for the specific bonding equipment utilized in the fusion bonding work. F. Quality Assurance The pipe and fittings manufacturer shall have an established quality control program responsible for inspecting incoming materials and outgoing pipe, fittings and components. Incoming polyethylene materials shall be inspected for density per ASTM D-1505 and melt flow rate per ASTM D-1258 and contamination. All incoming materials shall be certified by the supplier. Certification shall be verified by the pipe manufacturer and submitted to the Engineer. 4.03 DIRECTIONAL DRILLING EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS A. General: The directional drilling equipment shall consist of a directional drilling rig of sufficient capacity to perform the bore and pull back the pipe, a drilling fluid mixing, delivery and recovery system of sufficient capacity to successfully complete the installation, a drilling fluid recycling system to remove solids from the drilling fluid so that the fluid can be reused (if required), a Magnetic Guidance System (MGS) or "walkover" system to accurately guide the drilling operation, a vacuum truck of sufficient capacity to handle the drilling fluid volume, trained and competent personnel to operate the system. All equipment shall be in good, safe condition with sufficient supplies, materials and spare parts on hand to maintain the system in good working order for the duration of this project. B. Drilling Rig: The directional drilling machine shall consist of a hydraulically powered system to rotate and push hollow drilling pipe into the ground at a variable angle while delivering a pressurized fluid mixture to a guideable drill (bore) head. The machine shall be anchored to the ground to withstand the reaction forces generated by the drilling process. The hydraulic power system shall be self-contained, with sufficient pressure and volume to power operations of hydraulic systems. The machine shall be able to feed at least 100 feet of pipe and record maximum pull-back pressure during pull-back operations. There shall be a system to detect electrical current. From the drill string and an audible drum that automatically sounds when electrical current is detected. C. Drill Head: The drill head shall be steerable by changing its rotation and shall provide necessary cutting surfaces and drilling fluid jets. D. Mud Motors (if required): Mud motors shall be of adequate power to turn the required drilling tools. E. Drill Pipe: Drill pipe shall be constructed of high quality 4130 seamless tubing, grade D or better, with threaded bar and pins. Joints should be hardened to 32-36 RC. 4.04 GUIDANCE SYSTEM A. General: An electronic "walkover" tracking system or a Magnetic Guidance System (MGS) probe or proven (non-experimental) geospatial probe and interface shall be used to provide a continuous and accurate determination of the location of the drill head during the drilling operation. The guidance system shall be capable of tracking at all depths up to fifty feet and in any soil condition, including hard rock. The drill head shall be able to guide the drill head by providing real-time information on the tool face, azimuth (horizontal direction), and inclination (vertical direction). The guidance system shall be accurate and calibrated to manufacturer's specifications of the vertical depth of the borehole of sensing position at depths up to fifty feet and accurate to 2-inches horizontally. B. Components: The CONTRACTOR shall supply all components and materials to install, operate, and maintain the guidance system. C. The Magnetic Guidance System (MGS) shall be used and operated by personnel trained and experienced with the system. The CONTRACTOR shall be aware of any geo-magnetic anomalies and shall consider such influences in the operation of the guidance system. 4.05 DRILLING FLUID (MUD) SYSTEM A. Mixing System: A self-contained, closed, drilling fluid mixing system shall be of sufficient size to mix and deliver drilling fluid composed of bentonite slurry, potable water, and appropriate additives. The mixing system shall be able to molecularly strain individual bentonite particles from the dry powder to avoid clumping and ensure thorough mixing. The drilling fluid recycling tank shall be minimum of 1,000 gallons. Mixing system shall continually agitate the drilling fluid during drilling operations. B. Drilling Fluid: Drilling fluids shall be composed of potable water and bentonite clay. Water shall be from an authorized source with a pH of 8.5 – 10. Water of a lower pH or with excessive calcium shall be treated with the appropriate amount of sodium carbonate or equal. No additional mud may be used in drilling fluid without prior approval from ENGINEER. The bentonite mixture used shall have the minimum viscosity as measured by a Marsh funnel. <table><tr><td>Rocky Day – 60 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Hard Clay – 40 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Soft Clay – 40 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Sandy Day – 90 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Stable Sand – 80 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Loose Sand – 110 seconds</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Wet Sand – 110 seconds</td><td></td></tr></table> These viscosities may be varied to best fit the soil conditions encountered, or as determined by the operator. C. Delivery System: The drilling fluid pumping system shall have a minimum capacity of 35-500 GPM and be capable of delivering the drilling fluid at a constant minimum pressure of 1200 psi. The delivery system shall have filters in-line to prevent solids from being pumped into drill pipe. The drilling fluid and drilling fluid spent during operations shall be contained and conveyed to the drilling fluid recycling system or shall be removed by vacuum trucks or other methods, acceptable to ENGINEER. A berm, minimum of 12-inches high, shall be maintained around drill pipe drilling fluid mixing system, and any spill of drilling fluid recycling system to prevent spills into the surrounding environment. Pumping equipment and/or vacuum truck(s) of sufficient size shall be in place to convey drilling fluid from containment areas to storage and recycling facilities or disposal. 4.06 OTHER EQUIPMENT A. Pipe Rollers: Pipe rollers shall be used for pipe assembly during final product pull back. B. Restrictions: Other devices or utility applications for providing horizontal thrust other than those previously defined in the preceding sections shall not be used unless approved by the CONTRACTOR prior to commencement of work. A responsible representative who is thoroughly familiar with the equipment and type of work to be performed must be in direct charge and control of the operation at all times. In all cases, the supervisor must be continually present at the job site during the actual Directional Bore operation. The CONTRACTOR and Subcontractor shall have a sufficient number of competent workers on the job at all times to insure the Directional Bore is made in a timely and satisfactory manner. 4.07 PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS A. All personnel shall be fully trained in their respective duties as part of the directional drilling operation and in safety. Each person must have at least two years directional drilling experience. B. A competent and experienced supervisor representing the CONTRACTOR and Drilling Subcontractor shall be present at all times during the actual drilling operations. A responsible representative who is thoroughly familiar with the equipment and type of work to be performed must be in direct charge and control of the operation at all times. In all cases, the supervisor must be continually present at the job site during the actual Directional Bore operation. The CONTRACTOR and Subcontractor shall have a sufficient number of competent workers on the job at all times to insure the Directional Bore is made in a timely and satisfactory manner. C. Personnel who are unqualified, inexperienced or otherwise not suitable for the performance of this project shall be removed from the job site and replaced with suitable personnel.	1. Epoxy coating, with bituminous 300M high build cold tar epoxy or equal per manufacturer's recommendations.	2. Gasket materials shall be compatible with the service of piping system. Asbestos gaskets are not allowed.	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		5.01	PART 5 EXECUTION 5.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS A. The ENGINEER must be notified a minimum of 3 days in advance of starting work. All necessary permits and approvals must be in place prior to commencement of work. The Directional Bore shall not begin until the ENGINEER is present at the job site and agrees that proper preparations for the operation have been made. B. All lateral trench wire connections shall be addressed and a 3" M" Scotchbros® Electrical Insulating Resin + Size A epoxy sealer pack must be used at ALL spliced locations. C. The rear pipe and cap shall not be placed in areas, which are subject to vehicular traffic. The tracer wire shall be capable of, and demonstrated to be, continuous transmission of tracing signal down the full length of pressure sewer and laterals. D. A minimum of two (2) wires shall be installed with the pressure sewer mains and laterals to insure a continuous line of outside. 5.02 SITE PREPARATION A. Following drilling operations, CONTRACTOR will de-mobilize equipment and restore the work site to the original conditions or better. All excavations will be backfilled and compacted according to the specifications. B. Surface restoration shall be completed in accordance with the requirements of the Workmanship & Materials and Detailed specifications or permits to a condition as good as or better than existing prior to construction. 5.03 RECORD KEEPING AND AS-BUILTS A. CONTRACTOR shall maintain a daily project log of drilling operations and a guidance system log with a copy given to the ENGINEER at completion of project. B. The guidance system data shall be recorded during the actual crossing operation. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish to the ENGINEER, "as-built" plan and profile drawings based on these recordings showing the actual location horizontally and vertically of the installation, and all utility facilities found during the installation. The guidance data shall be certified accurate by the CONTRACTOR to the capability of the guidance system. C. "As-built" drawings shall be completed and mapped at CONTRACTORS expense in a form as required by the ENGINEER, including signed plans, and electronic data files if available. 5.02 HDPE CONNECTIONS & THRUST BLOCKING A. Connections from plain and HDPE pipe to other pipe materials or mechanical joint fittings shall be properly restrained by the following methods: If HDPE pipe transitions to a gasket pipe joint product, the CONTRACTOR shall restrain the gasket pipe with the recommended joint restraint a minimum of three joints immediately after the transition. Approved polyethylene joint adapters such as Hare coupling shall be used by fusing the joint adapter to the HDPE carrier pipe and restraining it to transitions by methods specified in the contract. B. A polyethylene thrust anchor fitting such as a branch saddle or thrust anchor, manufactured by Central Plastics Inc. shall also be attached to the outside diameter of the HDPE carrier by butt fusion or electrofusion. The joint shall be encased in concrete not more than five (5) feet before the transition and as indicated in the Contract drawings. 5.03 DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OPERATION A. The CONTRACTOR shall provide all material, equipment, and facilities required for directional drilling. Proper alignment and deviation of the borehole shall be carefully monitored throughout the directional drilling operation. The method used to complete the directional drill shall conform to the requirements of all applicable permits. The ENGINEER will supply copies of all permits to the CONTRACTOR. B. The entire drill path shall be accurately surveyed by the CONTRACTOR with entry and exit stakes placed in the appropriate locations within the areas indicated on drawings. If CONTRACTOR is using a magnetic guidance system, drill path shall be surveyed for any surface geo-magnetic variations or anomalies. C. CONTRACTOR shall place soil fence between all drill operations and any drainage, wet-fields, wetland, wetwater or other areas designated for such protection if required by documents, state, federal and local regulations. Additional environmental protection necessary to contain any hydraulic or drilling fluid spills shall be in place, including barriers, liners, turbidity curtains and other measures. CONTRACTOR shall adhere to all applicable environmental regulations. Fuel may not be stored in bulk containers within 200 feet of any water body or wetland. D. Readings shall be recorded after advancement of each successive drill pipe (no more than 10') and readings plotted on a scale of 1" = 20' horizontal and 1" = 2' vertical. Readings of all record readings and plan and profile construction shall be made available to the ENGINEER, or his representative, and the OWNER at all times. At no time shall the deflection radius of the drill pipe exceed the deflection limits of the carrier pipe as specified herein. E. A complete list of all drilling fluid additives and mixtures to be used in the directional operation shall be submitted to the ENGINEER at least 10 days prior to commencement of drilling. All drilling fluids and loose cuttings shall be contained in pits or holding tanks for recycling or disposal, no fluids shall be allowed to enter any unapproved areas or natural wetlands. Upon completion of the directional drill project, the drilling mud and cuttings shall be disposed of by the CONTRACTOR at an approved dumpsite. F. The pilot hole shall be drilled on bore path with no deviations greater than 80% the pipe diameter for force mains and 25% the pipe diameter for gravity sewers, over the length of the bore unless previously agreed to by the ENGINEER. In the event that the deflection radius of the pilot hole is more than 80% the pipe diameter for force mains and 25% the pipe diameter for gravity sewers, over the length of the bore, CONTRACTOR will notify ENGINEER and ENGINEER may require CONTRACTOR to pull-back the entire drill from the location along bore before the deviation. In the event of a drilling fluid fracture, inadvertent returns, or returns less during pilot hole drilling operations, CONTRACTOR shall cease drilling, wait at least 30 minutes, inject a quantity of drilling fluid with an excess of 100 seconds as measured a Marsh funnel and well as 100 minutes. If mud fracture or returns loose continues, CONTRACTOR will discuss additional options with the ENGINEER and work will then proceed as agreed. G. Upon completion of pilot hole phase of the operation, a complete set of "as-built" records shall be submitted in duplicate to the ENGINEER. These records shall include copies of the plot bore plan and profile record drawing, as well as directional survey reports as recorded during the drilling operation. H. Upon approval of the pilot hole location by the ENGINEER, the hole opening or enlarging phase of the installation shall begin. The bore hole diameter shall be increased to accommodate the pulback operation of the required size of carrier pipe. The type of hole opening or back reamer to be utilized in this phase shall be determined by the types of subsurface soil conditions that have been encountered during the pilot hole drilling operation. The CONTRACTOR shall select the proper reamer type with the final hole opening being a maximum of 1.5 times the largest outside diameter pipe system component to be installed in the bore hole. I. The open bore hole shall be stabilized by means of bentonite drilling slurry pumped through the inside bore diameter of the drill rod and through openings in the reamer. The drilling slurry must be in a homogeneous / flowable state serving as an agent to carry the loose cuttings to the surface through the annulus of the borehole. The volume of bentonite mud required for each pulback shall be calculated based on soil conditions, largest diameter of the pipe system component, capacity of the bentonite mud pump, and the speed of pulback as recommended by the bentonite drilling fluid manufacturer. The bentonite slurry is to be contained at the exit or entry side of the directional bore in pits or holding tanks. The slurry may be recycled at the exit side for reuse in the hole opening operation, or shall be hauled by the CONTRACTOR to an approved dumpsite for proper disposal. J. The pipe section shall be joined together according to manufacturer's specifications. The gaskets at the ends of pipe must be inspected and cleaned with a wet cloth prior to each joint assembly so they are free of any dirt or sand. The pipe must be free of any chips, scratches, or scrapes. A pulling eye will be attached to the pulling head on the lead stick of each joint which is turn will be attached to a cable on the end of the drill pipe. This will be the allow for a smooth pull of the product pipe as it enters and passes through the borehole toward the drill rig and optional entrance hole at the directional bore. The product pipe shall be elevated to the approximate angle of entry and supported by means of a skidbeam with roller arm, or similar equipment, to allow for the "free stretch" situation as the pipe is pulled into the hole toward the drill rig. The product pulback phase of the directional operation shall be carried out in a continuous manner until the pipe reaches the original entry side of the bore.																																																																																																		
		5.04	PIPE HANDLING A. Care shall be taken during transportation of the pipe such that it will not be cut, kinked or otherwise damaged. B. Ropes, fabrics or rubber protected slings and straps shall be used when handling pipes. Chains, cables or hooks inserted into the pipe ends shall not be used. Two slings spread apart shall be used for lifting each length of pipe. Pipe or fittings shall not be dropped into rocky or unprepared ground. C. Pipes shall be stored on level ground, preferably flat or sand. Free of sharp objects that could damage the pipe. Stacking of the pipe shall be limited to a height that will not cause excessive deformation of the bottom layers of pipes under anticipated temperature conditions. Where pipes are stored on ground, the pipes shall be stored on wooden sleepers spaced uniformly and of such width as not to allow deformation of the pipe at the point of contact with the sleeper and between supports. D. The handling of the assembled pipeline shall be in such a manner that the pipe is not damaged by dragging it over sharp and cutting objects. Slings for handling the pipeline shall not be positioned at pipe joints. Sections of the pipe with cuts and gouges or excessive deformation shall be removed and replaced. 5.05 TESTING PIPE A. Cleaning and Flushing are to be done by the CONTRACTOR in order to obtain a clear and debris free product. Only potable water shall be used for flushing and pressure testing. B. Directional drilling pipe shall be tested by CONTRACTOR after pulback. The average pressure shall be maintained at 100 psi for eight (8) hours. The test pump and water supply shall be arranged ahead of the directional bore. The test pump shall be elevated to maintain the test pressure throughout showing seepage or the slightest leakage shall be reported as directed by the ENGINEER at no additional expense to the ENGINEER. C. The pipe manufacturer's recommendations on pipe stretch allowances, bending radius, tensile strength, allowable test leakage allowance, and magnitude and duration of test pressure shall be followed. D. Pipeline shall be tested and sealed. E. All new service lines connected to the new main and installed with new pipe shall be pressure tested along with the newly installed main. F. Pressure testing shall not be required for the drilled pipe if the pipe is intended to be used as a casing for a finished product pipe.																																																																																																		
		5.06	TRACER WIRE A. All main line and service line pressure sewers shall be provided with two (2) continuous trace wires installed #10 solid tracer wires. The wire shall be installed along the pipe, fastened to the pipe at 20 ft. intervals and terminating above ground with the lead taped around each structure. B. The wire shall be brought up to ground level every 400 feet through a vinyl coated aluminum rear pipe with cap and/or at all line wire boxes. C. All lateral trench wire connections shall be addressed and a 3" M" Scotchbros® Electrical Insulating Resin + Size A epoxy sealer pack must be used at ALL spliced locations. D. The rear pipe and cap shall not be placed in areas, which are subject to vehicular traffic. The tracer wire shall be capable of, and demonstrated to be, continuous transmission of tracing signal down the full length of pressure sewer and laterals. E. A minimum of two (2) wires shall be installed with the pressure sewer mains and laterals to insure a continuous line of outside. 5.07 SITE RESTORATION A. Following drilling operations, CONTRACTOR will de-mobilize equipment and restore the work site to the original conditions or better. All excavations will be backfilled and compacted according to the specifications. B. Surface restoration shall be completed in accordance with the requirements of the Workmanship & Materials and Detailed specifications or permits to a condition as good as or better than existing prior to construction. 5.08 RECORD KEEPING AND AS-BUILTS A. CONTRACTOR shall maintain a daily project log of drilling operations and a guidance system log with a copy given to the ENGINEER at completion of project. B. The guidance system data shall be recorded during the actual crossing operation. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish to the ENGINEER, "as-built" plan and profile drawings based on these recordings showing the actual location horizontally and vertically of the installation, and all utility facilities found during the installation. The guidance data shall be certified accurate by the CONTRACTOR to the capability of the guidance system. C. "As-built" drawings shall be completed and mapped at CONTRACTORS expense in a form as required by the ENGINEER, including signed plans, and electronic data																																																																																																		